

2002

Targeted Tax Area Business Booklet

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This booklet contains:

Form FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary



Instructions for Targeted Tax Area Businesses — Form FTB 3809

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2001, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

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What's New

Beginning on the 2002 tax year form, Side 2 of form FTB 3809, formerly Worksheet VI, has been renamed Schedule Z. This change is consistent with other FTB forms that have schedules as part of the return.

For taxable years beginning in 2002 and 2003, California has suspended the Net Operating Loss carryover (NOL) deduction. Taxpayers may continue to compute and carryover an NOL during the suspension period. However, the deduction for disaster losses is not affected by the NOL suspension rules.

The carryover period for suspended losses is extended by two years for losses incurred before January 1, 2002 and by one year for losses incurred after January 1, 2002 and before January 1, 2003.

For more information, get forms FTB 3805V and 3805Q.

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, the NOL carryover computation for the California taxable income of a nonresident or part-year resident is no longer limited by the amount of net operating loss from all sources. Only your California sourced income and losses are considered in determining if you have a California NOL.

For the 2002 taxable year only, no addition to tax shall apply with respect to any underpayment of estimated tax to the extent the underpayment of an installment was created or increased by any provisions of law enacted or amended by an act chaptered during the 2002 calendar year.

General Information

Federal/State Conformity

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2001. Therefore, California has conformed to the income tax changes made to the IRC by the federal Internal Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-206), the Tax and Trade Relief Extension Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-277), the Surface Transportation Revenue Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-178), the Ricky Ray Hemophilia Relief Fund Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-369), the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-170), the Miscellaneous Trade and Technical Corrections Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-36), the FSC Repeal and Extraterritorial Income Exclusion Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-519), the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2001 (Public Law 106-554), and to technical corrections made by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-16). However, there are continuing differences between California and Federal law. California has not conformed to some of the law changes made by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-16) or the federal Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-147).

Pass-Through Entities

For purposes of this booklet, the term "passthrough entity" refers to an S corporation, estate, trust, partnership and a limited liablility company (LLC). References to "partnerships" include LLCs classified as partnerships.

Introduction

Economic Development Area Tax Incentives

California has established four types of economic development areas (EDA) that have related tax incentives. These incentives have been established to stimulate growth and development in selected areas that are economically depressed. EDA tax incentives apply only to certain business transactions that are undertaken after an EDA has received final designation. Tax incentives are available to individuals and businesses operating or investing within the geographic boundaries of the following EDAs:

- Enterprise Zones (EZ);
- Local Agency Military Base Recovery Areas (LAMBRAs);
- Manufacturing Enhancement Areas (MEAs); and
- The Targeted Tax Area (TTA).

Reporting Requirement

California statutes require the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) to provide information to the California Legislature and the California Technology, Trade and Commerce Agency (TTCA) regarding the number of businesses using the EDA tax incentives, types of EDA tax incentives being used, and the EDAs in which the businesses are claiming the tax incentives.

Complete items A through J on Form 3809, Side 1, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary, as applicable. This information will be used to meet the FTB's statutory reporting requirement.

For information about:

- EZ tax incentives, get FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Business Booklet;
- LAMBRA tax incentives, get FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Business Booklet; or
- The MEA hiring credit, get FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Business Booklet.

Purpose

This booklet provides specific information on the types of TTA tax incentives available. Taxpayers investing or operating within TTA or located within TTA may be eligible for the following the credits and deductions:

- Hiring Credit
- · Sales or Use Tax Credit
- Business Expense Deduction
- Net Operating Loss Carryover Deduction

Use this booklet to determine the correct amount of deductions and credits that a business may claim. Complete the worksheets in this booklet for each deduction or credit for which the business is eligible. Then enter the total deductions and credits on form FTB 3809.

Who Can Claim the TTA Tax Incentives?

The TTA credits and deductions are available to individuals, sole proprietors, corporations, estates, trusts and partnerships operating or investing within the designated LAMBRA.

Targeted Tax Area Designation

TTAs are established to stimulate development in a selected economically depressed area. Special tax incentives are available to qualified entities and individuals that operate or invest in a business located within the designated TTA.

To take advantage of the hiring credit, a completed Form TCA EZ1 must be obtained from the local agency responsible for verifying employee eligibility. Do not file Form TCA EZ1 with your return.

All of the incorporated cities in Tulare County and portions of the unincorporated areas of Tulare County received final designation as the TTA effective November 1, 1998. The eight incorporated cities in Tulare County are:

- Dinuba
- Porterville
- Exeter
- Tulare
- Farmersville Visalia
- Lindsay
- Woodlake

Caution: The special tax incentives available to businesses operating within the TTA can only be taken for costs paid or incurred on or after November 1, 1998, and before the designation expires.

Important Considerations

TTA tax incentives apply only to:

- Qualified assets purchased and placed in service on or after November 1, 1998;
- Qualified employees hired on or after November 1, 1998; and/or
- Net operating losses (NOLs) for taxable years beginning on or after November 1, 1998.

To qualify for any of the tax incentives described above, a taxpayer must meet both of the following requirements:

- 1. Be engaged in a trade or business within the TTA; and
- Be engaged in a line of business described in Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Codes 2000 to 2099, inclusive; 2200 to 3999, inclusive; 4200 to 4299, inclusive; 4500 to 4599, inclusive; and 4700 to 5199, inclusive, of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, 1987 Edition.

In the case of any pass-through entity, the determination of whether a taxpayer is a qualified taxpayer for the business expense deduction, hiring credit, and sales or use tax credit, is made at the entity level. Any business expense deduction, hiring credit, or sales or use tax credit that is allowed to the pass-through entity is also passed through to the partners or shareholders.

Geographic Boundaries

The geographic boundaries of the TTA are used to determine whether tax incentives are available to a business in a specified location. To find a street address within the TTA geographic boundaries, go to the California Technology, Trade and Commerce Agency's Website at www.commerce.ca.gov

If you need additional information about the TTA, you may contact the California Technology, Trade and Commerce Agency at:

ENTERPRISE ZONE PROGRAMS CALIFORNIA TECHNOLOGY, TRADE AND COMMERCE AGENCY 1102 Q STREET SUITE 6000 SACRAMENTO CA 95814

Telephone: (916) 324-8211 FAX: (916) 322-3524

If your business is located within and outside the TTA, see Part IV for instructions on how to apportion income.

Forms Table

Form 540

The titles of forms referred to in this booklet

California Corporation Form 100 Franchise or Income Tax Return Form 100S California S Corporation

Franchise or Income Tax Return Form 100W California Corporation Franchise or Income Tax Return -

Water's-Edge Filers

California Resident Income Tax

Form 109 California Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return

Return

Long Form California Nonresident or Part-540NR Year Resident Income Tax Return Form 541 California Fiduciary Income Tax

Return

Form 565 Partnership Return of Income Form 568 Limited Liability Company Return of Income

Schedule CA California Adjustments — Residents (540)

Schedule CA California Adjustments — (540NR) Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents

Schedule P Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations

Schedule R Apportionment and Allocation of Income

FTB Pub. 1061 Guidelines for Corporations filing a Combined Report

Schedule C S Corporation Tax Credit (100S)

Shareholder's Share of Income. Schedule K-1 (100S)Deductions, Credits, etc.

Schedule K-1 Beneficiary's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. (541)Schedule K-1 Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. (565)

Schedule K-1 Member's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. (568)

How to Claim Deductions and Credits

To claim any TTA deduction or credit, the business must attach a completed form FTB 3809 to its California tax return.

Attach a separate form FTB 3809 for each business you operate or invest in that is located within the TTA.

- For corporations that operate a business in a TTA, complete Schedule Z; and all the worksheets, except for Worksheet IV, Section C, to report credits and deductions incurred.
- For sole proprietors that operate a business in a TTA, complete Schedule Z: and all the worksheets, to report credits and deductions incurred.
- For trusts, estates, and partnerships that operate in a TTA, complete Worksheet I through Worksheet III; Worksheet IV, Section A; and form FTB 3809, Side 1, to report credits and deductions incurred.
- Individual investors receiving passthrough TTA credits or the business expense deduction, complete Worksheet IV, Section C; Schedule Z; and

form FTB 3809, Side 1. All other investors complete Worksheet IV, Section A; Schedule Z; and form FTB 3809, Side 1.

Individual investors receiving a passthrough loss, and having an overall net operating loss, complete Worksheet IV, Section C; Worksheet V, Section A and/or C; and form FTB 3809, Side 1. All other investors complete Worksheet IV. Section B; Worksheet V, Section B and/or C; and form FTB 3809, Side 1.

To assist with the processing of the tax return, indicate that the business operates or invests within the TTA by doing the following:

Form 540 filers: Claim TTA tax incentives on

Form 540, line 14 and line 28, as applicable. Claim TTA tax incentives

Long Form 540NR

filers: on Long Form 540NR,

line 14 and line 37, as

applicable.

Form 100 filers: Claim TTA tax incentives on Form 100, line 15, line 21,

and line 25 through line 27,

as applicable.

Form 100S filers: Claim TTA tax incentives on

Form 100S, line 12, line 19, and line 23 through line 25,

as applicable.

Form 100W filers: Claim TTA tax incentives on

Form 100W, line 15, line 21, and line 25 through line 27, as applicable.

Form 109 filers: Check the "Yes" box for the EZ, LARZ, LAMBRA,

MEA, or TTA question G on the top of Form 109,

Side 1.

Note: Keep all completed worksheets and supporting documents for your records.

Instructions for items A through J on form FTB 3809, Side 1

For corporations, estates, trusts, partnerships, exempt organizations, and sole proprietors who operate businesses in the TTA, complete items A through J.

Investors of pass-through entities, complete items A through D. See page 27.

Instructions for Qualified **Taxpayer's Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code** Activity

The FTB implemented the new Principal Business Activity (PBA) code chart that is based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 1997 Edition. The PBA codes are listed on page 24 through page 26. However, for purposes of qualifying for the TTA hiring credit, refer to page 21 through page 23 for a list of qualified SIC codes. The PBA and NAICS codes cannot be used. Do not enter the PBA code from your state or federal tax return.

Enter the SIC code of the establishment that qualifies you to take this credit on form FTB 3809, Side 1. If your enterprise has more than one establishment, and if more than one of the establishments qualifies you to take this credit, enter the SIC code that best represents your primary qualifying establishment.

Part I Hiring Credit

Qualified employers conducting a trade or business within the TTA may claim the hiring credit for a qualified employee. A qualified employee is an individual who:

- Was hired on or after November 1, 1998;
- Spends at least 90% of his or her work time (for the qualified employer) on activities directly related to the conduct of a trade or business located within the TTA;
- Performs at least 50% of the work (for the qualified employer) within the boundaries of the TTA; and
- · Was at the time of hire:
 - A person receiving or eligible to receive subsidized employment, training, or services funded by the federal Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) or its successor;
 - A person eligible to be a voluntary or mandatory registrant under the Greater Avenues for Independence Act of 1985 (GAIN) or its successor;
 - A member of a targeted group as defined in the federal Work Opportunity Tax Credit (WOTC) or its successor;
 - An economically disadvantaged individual 14 years of age or older;
 - 5. A qualified dislocated worker;
 - A disabled individual eligible for, enrolled in, or who completed a state rehabilitation plan;
 - 7. A service-connected disabled veteran;
 - 8. A veteran of the Vietnam era:
 - 9. A veteran who recently separated from military service;
 - 10. An ex-offender;
 - 11. A person eligible for or a recipient of:
 - Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits;
 - Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC);
 - Food stamps; or
 - State and local general assistance;
 - 12. A Native American; or
 - 13. A resident of the TTA.

For additional information, refer to the Federal Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) or its successor, the Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Employers hiring qualified employees must get Form TCA EZ1 from the local agency responsible for verifying employee eligibility. Contact the local TTA coordinator for more information on the local agency and verification process.

The percentage of wages used to compute the credit depends on the number of years the

employee works for the employer in the TTA. The applicable percentage begins at 50% and declines 10% for each year of employment. After the fifth year of employment, no credit can be generated.

Wages that qualify for the hiring credit are those wages paid or incurred to hire a qualified employee for the consecutive 60-month period beginning on the first day the employee commenced employment with the employer. For an employer that operates a business that has regularly occurring seasonal or intermittent employment decreases and increases, reemployment of an individual is not a new hire; rather, it is a continuation of the prior employment and does not constitute commencement of employment for the qualified wages test.

The credit is based on the smaller of the following:

- The actual hourly rate paid or incurred by the employer for work performed by the employee during the taxable year; or
- 150% of the minimum hourly wage established by the Industrial Welfare Commission.

Where the California minimum wage is higher than the federal minimum wage, the California minimum wage is used for purposes of computing the TTA hiring credit. The current minimum wage is increased to \$6.75 per hour. For purposes of computing the TTA hiring credit, 150% of the minimum wage is \$10.12 per hour.

Example:

John Anderson was hired January 1, 2002. John's hourly rate for the first month was \$7.00. At the beginning of the second month, his hourly rate increased to \$8.00. For the third month, John's hourly rate increased to \$12.00. The hourly rate that qualifies for the credit is limited to 150% of the minimum wage, or currently \$10.12 per hour.

Month(s)	Hours x	Hourly =	Qualified wages
	per month	rate	per month
1	175	\$ 7.00	\$1,225.00
2	170	8.00	\$1,360.00
3	170	10.12	\$1,720.40

Record Keeping

Retain a copy of Form TCA EZ1 to substantiate an individual's eligibility as a "qualified employee." In addition, for each qualified employee, keep a schedule of the first 60 months of employment showing (at least):

- · Employee's name;
- Date the employee was hired;
- Number of hours the employee worked for each month of employment;
- Smaller of the hourly rate of pay for each month of employment or 150% of the minimum wage;
- Location of the employee's job site and duties performed;
- Records of any other federal or state subsidies received for hiring the qualified employee; and

 Total qualified wages per month for each month of employment.

Instructions for Worksheet I — Hiring Credit & Recapture

Section A – Credit Computation

Line 1, column (a) – Enter the name of each qualified employee. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) through column (f) — Enter in the appropriate column, the qualified wages paid or incurred during the taxable year to each employee listed in column (a).

Line 2, column (b) through column (f) – Add the amounts in each column.

Line 3, column (b) through column (f) – Multiply the total in each column of line 2 by the percentage in each column.

Line 4

- A. For partnerships, enter the amount from line 4 on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part I, line 1a. Include the current year hiring credit amount on Form 565 and Form 568, Schedule K, line 14 and the distributive share of the credit to partners and members on Schedule K-1 line 14. In addition, add the entire amount of the credit on Schedule K, line 1, column (c).
- B. For corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts, enter the amount from line 4 on Schedule Z, as follows:
 - Part II, line 8B, column (b) for corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts;
 - Part III, line 10, column (b) for S corporations; or
 - Part IV, line 12, column (b) for corporations and S corporations subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax.

Credit Limitations

- The cumulative qualified wages used to compute the credit cannot exceed \$2,000,000. The limit applies to each taxpayer for each taxable year.
- The amount of hiring credit claimed may not exceed the amount of tax on TTA business income in any year. Use Schedule Z on Side 2 of form FTB 3809 to compute the credit limitation.
- In the case where the business is qualified to take the TTA hiring credit as well as another credit (e.g., EZ, MEA, or LAMBRA hiring credit) for the same wage expense, the business may claim only one credit.
- S corporations are allowed only 1/3 of the TTA hiring credit by operation of law. 2/3 of the credit is lost and the remaining 1/3 can be carried over if it cannot be used in the current year.

Section B – Credit Recapture

The employer must recapture (add back to the tax liability) the amount of credit attributable to an employee's wages if the employer

terminates the employee at any time during the longer of:

- The first 270 days of employment (whether or not consecutive); or
- 90 days of employment plus 270 calendar days.

Employers of seasonal employees must recapture the amount of hiring credit attributable to the employee's wages if:

- The employer terminates the employee before the completion of 270 days of employment; and
- The 270 days is during the 60-month period beginning the day the employee commences employment with the employer.

A "day of employment" means any day the employee receives wage compensation (including a paid sick day, holiday, or vacation day).

The employer must add to the current year's tax the amount of credit claimed in the year of termination and all prior years in which the credit was claimed for the terminated employee.

Note: The credit recapture does not apply if the termination of employment was:

- Voluntary on the part of the employee;
- In response to misconduct of the employee;
- Caused by the employee becoming disabled (unless the employee was able to return to work and the employer did not offer to reemploy the individual);
- Carried out so that other qualified individuals could be hired, creating a net increase in both the number of qualified employees and the number of hours worked; or
- Due to a substantial reduction in the employer's trade or business operations.

Note: Enter the name(s) of employee(s) even if one of the above exceptions to recapture is met.

Line 1, column (a) - Enter the name of the terminated employee(s). Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) - Enter the amount of credit recapture for each employee listed in column (a).

Line 2 - Enter the amount from line 2, column (b) on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part V, line 5.

Also, include the amount of hiring credit recapture on your California tax return or schedule as follows:

- Form 100, Schedule J, line 5;
- Form 100S, Schedule J, line 5 and Schedule K-1 (100S), line 23;
- Form 100W, Schedule J, line 5;
- Form 109, Schedule K, line 4;
- Form 540, line 36;
- Long Form 540NR, line 45;
- Form 541, line 21b and Schedule K-1 (541), line 11e;
- Form 565, Schedule K, line 22 and Schedule K-1 (565), line 22; or
- Form 568, Schedule K, line 22 and Schedule K-1 (568), line 22.

		Qualified wages page	aid or incurred for y	ear of employment	
(a) Employee's name	(b) 1st year	(c) 2nd year	(d) 3rd year	(e) 4th year	(f) 5th year
	,		,	,	
Total. See instructions					10
Multiply line 2 by the percentage for each column. See instructions	.50	.40	.30	.20	.10
Add the amounts on line 3, column (b) through Note: You cannot take the TTA hiring credit as				4	
Section B Credit Recapture					
Terminated	(a) employee's name			(t Recaptur	

Indicate that you included the hiring credit recapture on your tax return by writing "FTB 3809" in the space provided on the schedule or form.

Partnerships must identify the recapture amounts for their partners and members on Schedule K-1 (565 or 568).

S corporation shareholders must recapture the portion of the credit that was previously claimed, based on the terminated employee's wages. S corporations must also identify the recapture amount for shareholders on Schedule K-1 (100S). This amount will differ from the amount recaptured by the S corporation on Form 100S, Schedule J.

Part II Sales or Use Tax Credit

Individuals, estates, trusts, and partnerships may claim an annual credit equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred to purchase up to \$1 million of qualified property per taxable year.

Corporations may claim a credit equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred to purchase up to \$20 million of qualified property per taxable year. Individuals who are S corporation shareholders may claim their pro-rata share of pass-through credit to the extent the S corporation paid or incurred sales or use tax to purchase up to \$1 million of qualified property. See the example in the third column of this page.

Qualified property is machinery or machinery parts used to:

- Manufacture, process, fabricate, or otherwise assemble a product;
- Produce renewable energy resources; or
- Control air or water pollution.

In addition, qualified property is:

- Data processing and communications equipment including, but not limited to, computers, computer-automated drafting systems, copy machines, telephone systems, and fax machines; and
- Motion picture manufacturing equipment central to production and postproduction including, but not limited to, cameras, audio recorders, and digital image and sound processing equipment.

The business must use the property **exclusively** within the boundaries of the TTA. Qualified property must be purchased and placed in service after the TTA received its designation and before the TTA designation expires.

The use tax paid or incurred on purchases of property outside California qualifies for the credit only if property of a comparable quality and price was not timely available in California at the time it was purchased.

Leased Property

The sales tax paid or incurred on qualified property being purchased using a financial (conditional sales) contract qualifies for the sales or use tax credit.

To determine whether the lease qualifies as a purchase rather than a true lease, see Revenue Ruling 55-540, 1955-2 C.B. 39, and FTB Legal Ruling 94-2, March 23, 1994.

Credit Limitations

- The amount of sales or use tax credit claimed may not exceed the amount of tax on the TTA business income in any year.
- Any unused credit may be carried over and applied against the tax on TTA business income in future years until exhausted.
- In the case where the business is qualified to take the TTA sales or use tax credit as well as another state credit (e.g. enterprise zone sales or use tax credit, manufacturers' investment credit, or LAMBRA sales or use tax credit) for the same piece of property, the business may only claim one credit for that property.

Depreciation

Any taxpayer that claims this credit cannot increase the basis of the qualified property with respect to the sales or use tax paid or incurred in connection with the purchase of qualified property.

To compute the difference between California and federal depreciation, use the following forms or schedules:

- Form 100 or Form 100W filers FTB 3885, Corporation Depreciation and Amortization;
- Form 100S filers Schedule B (100S), S Corporation Depreciation and Amortization;
- Form 109 filers Form 109, Schedule J, Depreciation.

Note: Exempt trusts use FTB 3885F, Depreciation and Amortization;

- Form 540 and Long Form 540NR filers FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization — Individuals;
- Form 541 filers FTB 3885F, Depreciation and Amortization — Fiduciaries;
- Form 565 filers FTB 3885P, Depreciation and Amortization Partnerships; or
- Form 568 filers FTB 3885L, Depreciation and Amortization — Limited Liability Companies.

Example:

XYZ Inc., an S corporation, purchases qualified property for \$20 million (\$20 m.). The sales tax rate is 6% (.06) and the entity-level tax rate is 1.5% (.015).

The credit allowed XYZ Inc. and the depreciable basis of the qualified property for XYZ Inc. are computed as follows:

		Depreciable basis		
Qualified property	\$20 m.	\$20 m.		
Sales tax paid				
(\$20 m. x .06)	1.2 m.	+1.2 m.		
Sales or use tax credit				
allowed XYZ Inc.	1.2 m.	<u>(1.2 m.)</u>		
Depreciable basis of qu	alified			
property for XYZ Inc.		\$20 m.		
Credit allowed to offset the				
entity-level tax (\$1.2	m. x 1/3)	\$0.4 m.		

XYZ Inc. has two 50% shareholders. The credit passed through to the shareholders and the depreciable basis of the qualified property for the shareholders are computed as follows:

		Depreciable basis
Qualified property		
(purchased by		
XYZ Inc.)	\$20 m.	\$20 m.
Sales tax		
(paid by XYZ Inc.)	1.2 m.	+1.2 m.
Maximum qualified cos	ts	
for sales or use		
tax credit	1 m.	
Sales or use tax credit		
allowed the share-		
holders		
(\$1 m. x .06)	.06 m.	(.06 m.)
Depreciable basis of qu	alified	,
property for the	iaiiiioa	
shareholders		\$21.14 m.
	. 11	Ψ=1.11111.
Total amount of credit a	allowed	
the shareholders		\$.06 m.

Note: Each shareholder is allowed a pass through credit of \$30,000 (.06 m. \div 2 = .03 m.) sales or use tax credit.

Record Keeping

To support the sales or use tax credit claimed, keep all records that document the purchase of the qualified property, such as the sales receipt and proof of payment. Additionally, keep all records that identify or describe:

- The property purchased (such as serial numbers, etc.);
- The amount of sales or use tax paid or incurred on its purchase;
- · The location where it is used; and
- If purchased from a manufacturer located outside California, records to substantiate that property of comparable quality and price was not timely available for purchase in California.

Instructions for Worksheet II – Sales or Use Tax Credit

Line 1, column (a) - List the items of qualified property purchased during the year. For each item, provide the location (street address and city) of its use. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) - Enter the cost of the property listed in column (a).

Line 1, column (c) - Enter the amount of sales or use tax paid or incurred on the property listed in column (a).

Line 2, column (b) - Add the amounts in line 1, column (b).

Caution: This amount cannot exceed \$1 million for individuals, estates, trusts, partnerships, or \$20 million for corporations per taxable year. When computing the amount of credit to pass through to S corporation shareholders, use \$1 million limitation.

Line 2, column (c)

A. For partnerships, enter the amount from line 2, column (c), on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part I, line 1b. Also, include the current year sales or use tax credit amount on Form 565 and Form 568, Schedule K, line 14 and the distributive share of the credit to partners and members on Schedule K-1 line 14.

- B. For corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts, enter the amount from line 2, column (c) on Schedule Z, as follows:
 - Part II, line 9B, column (b) for corporations, individuals, estates, and trusts:
 - Part III, line 11, column (b) for S corporations; or
 - Part IV, line 13, column (b) for corporations and S corporations subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax.

Caution: Only the sales or use tax paid or incurred on the cost of qualified property up to the limitations in column (b) may be claimed as a credit.

W	Vorksheet II Sales or Use Tax Credit — Targeted Tax Area			
	(a) Property description and location		(b) Cost	(c) Sales or use tax
1				
2	Total the amounts in column (b) and column (c). See instructions	2		

Part III Business Expense Deduction

Certain businesses conducting a qualified trade or business within the TTA may elect to treat 40% of the eligible cost of qualified property as a business expense rather than a capital expense. For the year the property is placed in service, the business may deduct the eligible cost in the current year rather than depreciate it over several years.

Note: The TTA business expense deduction is not allowed for estates and trusts.

Qualified property is any recovery property that is IRC Section 1245 property which includes, but is not limited to, tangible personal property (excluding buildings) and most equipment and furnishings acquired by purchase after the TTA received its final designation and before the designation expires for exclusive use within the TTA. Office supplies and other small nondepreciable items are not included.

The maximum aggregate cost of the qualified property against which the 40% deduction may be claimed in any taxable year is determined by the number of taxable years that have elapsed since the TTA received its final designation. The TTA received final designation on November 1, 1998.

The maximum aggregate cost is:

Taxable year of designation \$100,000 1st taxable year after designation . . \$100,000 2nd taxable year after designation . . . \$75,000 3rd taxable year after designation . . . \$75,000 Each remaining taxable year after designation \$50,000

Election

The business must elect to treat the cost of qualified property as a business expense in the year the property is first placed in service. However, the TTA business expense deduction is not allowed if the property was:

- Transferred between members of an affiliated group;
- · Acquired as a gift or inherited;
- Traded for other property;
- Received from a personal or business relation as defined in IRC Section 267 or 707(b); or
- Described in IRC Section 168(f).

Note: The TTA business expense deduction must be claimed by making an election on the original return filed, and thus cannot be claimed on an amended return. Such an election cannot be revoked without the written consent of the FTB.

A husband and wife filing separate returns may each claim 50% of the allowable deduction. In the case of a partnership, the 40% limitation applies to the partnership and to each partner.

Depreciation

If the business elects to deduct the amount computed in Worksheet III, Section A, as a

business expense, the depreciable basis of the property must be reduced by the deduction.

Subtract the amount claimed as a business expense from the basis or cost of the property and depreciate the remaining basis or cost.

Normal depreciation is allowed on the cost of the property in excess of the expensed amount, starting with the taxable year following the taxable year the property was placed in service.

Corporations may not claim the additional first-year depreciation allowed under R&TC Section 24356 on any item of property if any portion of it was deducted as a business expense. All other taxpayers cannot claim the deduction allowed under IRC Section 179 on any item of property if any portion of it was deducted as a business expense.

To compute the difference between California and federal depreciation, use the following forms or schedules:

- Form 100 and Form 100W filers FTB 3885, Corporation Depreciation and Amortization:
- Form 100S filers Schedule B (100S), S Corporation Depreciation and Amortization:
- Form 109 filers Form 109, Schedule J, Depreciation;
- Form 540 and Long Form 540NR filers FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization — Individuals:
- Form 565 filers FTB 3885P, Depreciation and Amortization Partnerships; or
- Form 568 filers FTB 3885L, Depreciation and Amortization — Limited Liability Companies.

Instructions for Worksheet III — Business Expense Deduction & Recapture

Section A – Deduction Computation

Line 2, column (a) – Enter a description of the property and the location (street address and city) of its use. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 2, column (b) – Enter the cost of the property listed in column (a).

Line 5 – Enter the amount from line 5, column (b) on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part II, line 2, and on your California tax return or schedule as follows:

- Form 100 and Form 100W, line 15;
- Form 100S, line 12, Form 100S, Schedule K, line 8, and Schedule K-1 (100S), line 8;
- Form 109, Part II, line 24;
- Schedule CA (540), column B, on the applicable line for your business activity:
- Schedule CA (540NR), column B, on the applicable line for your business activity;
- Form 565, Schedule K, line 9 and Schedule K-1 (565), line 9; or

 Form 568, Schedule K, line 9 and Schedule K-1 (568), line 9.

Section B – Deduction Recapture

The deduction is subject to recapture (added back to income) if, before the close of the second taxable year after the property was placed in service, the property is sold, disposed of, or no longer used exclusively in the TTA trade or business.

Income Adjustment: Add to current year income the amount previously deducted for the property.

Basis Adjustment: As of the first day of the taxable year in which the recapture event occurs, the recapture amount is added back to the basis in the year of recapture and then depreciated over the remaining life of the qualified property.

Line 1, column (a) – Enter a description of the property. Attach additional schedule(s) if necessary.

Line 1, column (b) – Enter the amount of the business expense deduction claimed for each property listed in column (a).

Line 2 – Enter the total on form FTB 3809, Side 1, Part V, line 6, and on your California tax return or schedule as follows:

- Form 100, line 15, as a negative amount;
- Form 100S, line 12, as a negative amount, Form 100S, Schedule K, line 6, and Schedule K-1 (100S), line 6;
- Form 100W, line 15, as a negative amount;
- Form 109, Part I, line 12;
- Schedule CA (540), column C, on the applicable line for your business activity;
- Schedule CA (540NR), column C, on the applicable line for your business activity;
- Form 565, Schedule K, line 7 and Schedule K-1 (565), line 7; or
- Form 568, Schedule K, line 7 and Schedule K-1 (568), line 7.

Example:

XYZ Inc. purchased a property on June 1, 2000 that qualified corporation to take the TTA business expense deduction. The property was purchased for \$10,000 and it had a useful life of five years. XYZ Inc.'s tax year ends December 31 of each year. The corporation had a business expense deduction of \$4,000 for the tax year ending Decemer 31, 2002 on the property.

Assume the corporation disposes of the property or no longer uses the property in the TTA on August 5, 2002. The property was placed in service in 2000. The first year after the property was placed in service was the 2001 tax year. The second year after the property was placed in service was the 2002 tax year. Since the property was disposed of or no longer used in the TTA before the end of the second year (December 31, 2002) after the year the property was placed in service, the business expense deduction (\$4,000) must be added to income in the 2002 tax year.

If the property was disposed of or no longer used in the TTA after December 31, 2002, there is no recapture.

Situation 1

Assume on August 5, 2002, the corporation sells the asset. To compute the gain or loss on the sale, the basis of the asset is increased by the recapture amount of \$4,000.

Situation 2

Assume on August 5, 2002, the corporation discontinued using the property in the zone, but does not sell the asset. To compute depreciation on the asset, the recapture amount is added to the remaining basis of the asset, and depreciation is then computed over the remainder of the useful life of the asset.

Assuming straight line depreciation is used, the corporation will recognize \$2,833 (\$8,500/3) in depreciation expense in 2002. (\$8,500 is arrived at by adding the \$4,000 recapture amount to the \$4,500 remaining basis as of December 31, 2000)

Worksheet III Business Expense Deduction & Recapture — Targeted Tax Area	
Section A Deduction Computation	
 The maximum aggregate deduction: Taxable year of designation, enter \$40,000; 1st taxable year after designation, enter \$40,000; 2nd taxable year after designation, enter \$30,000; 3rd taxable year after designation, enter \$30,000 	
(a) Property description and location	(b) Cost
2	
3 Total. Add the amounts on line 2, column (b)	
4 Multiply line 3 by 40% (.40)	
Section B Deduction Recapture	
(a) Property description	(b) Recapture amount
1	
2 Total recapture amount. Add the amounts on line 1, column (b). See instructions	

Part IV Doing Business Totally Within the Targeted Tax Area or Within and Outside the Targeted Tax Area

TTA tax credits are limited to the tax on business income attributable to operations within the TTA. TTA deductions are limited to business income attributable to operations within the TTA. If the business is located within and outside the TTA, the taxpayer must determine the portion of total business operations that are attributable to the TTA.

Business Income vs. Nonbusiness Income

Only business income is apportioned to the TTA to determine the incentive limitation. TTA tax credits are limited to tax on business income attributable to the operations within the TTA. TTA deductions are limited to business income attributable to operations within the TTA.

Business income is defined as income arising from transactions and activities in the regular course of the trade or business. Business income includes income from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management, and disposition of the property constitute integral parts of the regular trade or business operations. Nonbusiness income is all income other than business income. Get Title 18 Cal. Code Reg. Section 25120 for further references and examples of nonbusiness income.

For an individual, business income includes, but is not limited to, California business income or loss from Schedules C, D, D-1 (or federal Form 4797, Sales of Business Property, in lieu of a Schedule D-1), E, and F, as well as wages. Be sure to include casualty losses, disaster losses, and any business deductions reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule A as itemized deductions.

In essence, all income which arises from the conduct of trade or business operations of a taxpayer is business income.

Note: If you elected to carry back part or all of your current year disaster loss under IRC Section 165(i)(1), do not include the amount of the loss that was carried back in your current year business income for the TTA. Pass-through entities must report to their shareholders, beneficiaries, partners, and members:

- The distributive (or pro-rata for S corporations) share of the business income apportioned to the TTA; and
- The distributive (or pro-rata for S corporations) share of the business capital gains and losses apportioned to the TTA included in item 1.

These items should be reported using the appropriate California schedules listed below:

- Schedule K-1 (100S), line 23;
- Schedule K-1 (541), line 11e;

- Schedule K-1 (565), line 22; or
- Schedule K-1 (568), line 22.

Form 540 and Long Form 540NR filers, refer to Worksheet IV, Section C to compute business income apportioned to the TTA. For business entities, including sole proprietors, use Worksheet IV, Section A or B to compute business income or loss apportioned to the TTA.

Apportionment

Business income is apportioned to the TTA by multiplying the total California business income of the taxpayer by a fraction. The numerator which is the property factor plus the payroll factor, and the denominator which is two. Loss is apportioned to the TTA by multiplying the taxpayer's net business operating loss from all sources by a fraction. The numerator which is the property factor plus the payroll factor, and the denominator which is two. If an employer conducts businesses in more than one TTA, the TTA apportionment factor and credit limitations are computed separately for each TTA.

Property Factor

Property factor is defined as the average value of all real and tangible personal property owned or rented by the taxpayer and used during the taxable year to produce business income.

Note: Property is included in the factor if it was available for use during the taxable year. Property owned by the business is valued at its original cost. Original cost is the basis of the property for federal income tax purposes (prior to any federal adjustment) at the time of acquisition by the business, adjusted for subsequent capital additions or improvements and partial dispositions because of sale or exchange. Allowance for depreciation is not considered.

Rented property is valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. The net annual rental rate for any item of rented property is the total rent paid for the property, less total annual subrental rates paid by subtenants.

When determining income or loss apportionment, on Worksheet IV, Section A or B, the numerator of the property factor is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented by the taxpayer and used within the TTA during the taxable year to produce TTA business income. See Worksheet IV, Section A/B, column (b).

When determining income apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section A, the denominator of the property factor is the total average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used during the taxable year within California. See Worksheet IV. Section A, column (a).

When determining loss apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section B, the denominator of the property factor is the total average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal

property owned or rented and used during the year in all business operation locations. See Worksheet IV, Section B, column (a).

Payroll Factor

Payroll is defined as the total amount paid to the business's employees for compensation for the production of business income during the taxable year.

Compensation means wages, salaries, commissions, and any other form of remuneration paid directly to employees for personal services.

Payments made to independent contractors or any other person not properly classified as an employee are excluded.

Compensation Within the TTA

Compensation is considered to be within the TTA if any one of the following tests is met:

- The employee's services are performed within the geographical boundaries of the TTA; or
- The employee's services are performed within and outside the TTA, but the services performed outside the TTA are incidental to the employee's service within the TTA.

Incidental means any temporary or transitory service performed in connection with an isolated transaction.

- If the employee's services are performed within and outside the TTA, the employee's compensation is attributed to the TTA if:
 - A. The employee's base of operations is within the TTA; or
 - B. There is no base of operations in any other part of the state in which some part of the service is performed, and the place from which the service is directed or controlled is within the TTA; or
 - C. The base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in any other part of the state in which some part of the service is performed and the employee's residence is within the TTA.

Base of operations is the permanent place from which employees start work and customarily return in order to receive instruction from the taxpayer or communications from their customers or persons; to replenish stock or other material; to repair equipment; or to perform any other functions necessary in the exercise of their trade or profession at some other point or points.

The numerator of the payroll factor is the total compensation paid to employees for working within the TTA during the taxable year. See Worksheet IV, Section A, column (b).

When determining income apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section A, the denominator of the payroll factor is the taxpayer's total compensation paid to employees working in California. See Worksheet IV, Section A, column (a).

When determining loss apportionment on Worksheet IV, Section B, the denominator of the payroll factor is the taxpayer's total compensation paid to employees working in all business operation locations. See Worksheet IV, Section B, column (a).

Corporations Which File a Combined Report Business income for each corporation doing business in the TTA will be its business income apportioned to California (see FTB Pub. 1061 for further information on combined reports and entity income apportionment). The TTA property and payroll factors used in the determination of TTA income includes only the taxpayer's California amounts in the denominator.

Example: Computation of TTA income assigned to each entity operating within the

Parent Corporation A has two subsidiaries, B and C. Corporations A and B operate within the TTA. The combined group operates within and outside California and apportions its income to California using Schedule R. Assume the combined group's business income apportioned to California was \$1,000,000 and Corporation A and B's share of business income assigned to California is

\$228,000 and \$250,000 respectively. Corporation A and B's separate TTA and separate California property and payroll factor amounts are shown on this column 2.

Business income apportioned to the TTA is determined as follows:

	Α	В
Property Factor	*	
TTA Property	\$1,000,000	\$ 800,000
California Property	\$1,000,000	\$1,200,000
Apportionment %	100%	66.66%
Payroll Factor		
TTA Payroll	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000
California Payroll	\$ 800,000	\$1,000,000
Apportionment %	100%	80%
Average Apport. %	100%	73.33%

(Property + Payroll Factors)

Apportioned Business Income \$ 228,000 \$ 250,000 TTA Business 228,000 Income

Instructions for Worksheet IV

Section A – Income **Apportionment**

Note: If the business operates solely within the TTA and all its property and payroll are solely within the TTA, enter 100% (1.00) on line 4, of Section A and Section B, column (c). Do not complete the rest of the Worksheet IV. Use Worksheet IV, Section A, Income

Apportionment, to determine the amount of business income apportioned to the TTA. The TTA business income determines the amount of the tax incentives that can be used.

Only California source business income is apportioned to the TTA. A taxpayer's TTA business income is its California apportioned business income multiplied by the specific TTA apportionment percentage.

Worksheet IV Apportionment — Targeted Tax A	\rea		
Section A Income Apportionment			
Use Worksheet IV, Section A, if your business has net income from sources within and outside the TTA.	(a) Total within California	(b) Total within the TTA	(c) Percentage within the TTA column (b) ÷ column (a)
PROPERTY FACTOR			
1 Average yearly value of owned real and tangible personal			
property used in the business (at original cost). See			
instructions. Exclude property not connected with the			
business and the value of construction in progress.			<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>
Inventory			
Buildings			
Machinery and equipment			
Furniture and fixtures			
Delivery equipment			
Land			
Other tangible assets (attach schedule)			
Rented property used in the business. See instructions			
for more information			
Total property values			
PAYROLL FACTOR			
2 Employees' wages, salaries, commissions, and other			
compensation related to business income included in			
the return.			
Total payroll			
3 Total percentage – sum of the percentages in column (c)		///////////////////////////////////////	
4 Average apportionment percentage (1/2 of line 3).			
Enter here and on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 4			1

Note: The average apportionment percentage shown on line 4 represents the portion of the taxpayer's total business that is attributable to activities conducted within the TTA. Also, those factors with zero balances in the totals of column (a) will not be included in the computation of the average apportionment percentage. For example, if the taxpayer does not have any payroll within or outside the TTA, then the average apportionment percentage would be computed by dividing line 3 by one instead of by two as normally instructed.

The TTA property and payroll factors used in the determination of apportionable business income include only the taxpayer's California amounts in the denominator. apportioned to the TTA. A taxpayer's TTA net operating loss is its net business operating loss from all sources multiplied by the specific

Section B – Loss Apportionment

Use Worksheet IV, Section B, Loss Apportionment, to determine your net operating loss

Worksheet IV (continued)			
Use Worksheet IV, Section B, if your business has net losses from sources within and outside the TTA.	rent year net operating loss o (a) Total within and outside the TTA	nly) (b) Total within the TTA	(c) Percentage within the TTA
PROPERTY FACTOR		-	
Average yearly value of owned real and tangible personal property used in the business (at original cost). See instructions. Exclude property not connected with the business and the value of construction in progress. Inventory Buildings Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Delivery equipment Land Other tangible assets (attach schedule) Rented property used in the business. See instructions for more information			
Total property values			
PAYROLL FACTOR			
Employees' wages, salaries, commissions, and other compensation related to business income included in the return.			
Total payroll			
3 Total percentage – sum of the percentages in column (c)			
4 Average apportionment percentage (1/2 of line 3). Enter here and on Worksheet V, Section B, line 4			

Note: The average apportionment percentage shown on line 4 represents the portion of the taxpayer's total business that is attributable to activities conducted within the TTA. Also, those factors with zero balances in the totals of column (a) will not be included in the computation of the average apportionment percentage. For example, if the taxpayer does not have any payroll within or outside the TTA, then the average apportionment percentage would be computed by dividing line 3 by one instead of by two as normally instructed.

TTA apportionment percentage computed in Worksheet IV, Section B.

The TTA property and payroll factors used in the determination of the apportioned business net operating loss include worldwide amounts in the denominator.

Section C – Income or Loss

Form 540 and Long Form 540NR filers, use Worksheet IV, Section C to determine the amount to enter on:

- Worksheet V. Section A. line 1:
- Worksheet V, Section C, line 1 and line 6;
- Schedule Z, Part I, line 1 and line 3.

Do not include disaster losses in any amounts used in the table.

Only California source business income is apportioned to the TTA. A taxpayer's TTA business income is its California apportioned business income computed using Schedule R, multiplied by the specific TTA apportionment percentage computed using Worksheet IV, Section A.

The first step is to determine which portion of the taxpayer's net income is "business income" and which portion is "nonbusiness income," since only business income may be apportioned to the TTA. See Part IV, Doing Business Totally Within the Targeted Tax Area or Within and Outside the Targeted Tax Area, for a complete discussion of business and nonbusiness income.

Business income or loss reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, and other schedules are reported on line 6 through line 9. Line 11 and line 12 report business gains or losses reported on Schedule D and Schedule D-1. All business income and losses should be adjusted for any differences between California and federal amounts as shown on the Schedule CA.

Part I Individual Income and Expense Items

Wages

Taxpayers with wages from a company located within and outside the TTA must determine the TTA wage income by entering the percentage of the time that they worked within the TTA in column (b). The percentage of time should be for the same period for which the wages entered on line 1 were earned. This percentage must be determined based on their record of time and events such as a travel log or entries in a daily planner.

Part II Pass-Through Income or Loss

Multiple Pass-Through Entities

If you are a shareholder, beneficiary, partner, or member in multiple pass-through entities with businesses located within and outside the TTA from which you received TTA tax incentives, see the example in the hext column for computing business income in the TTA.

Example:			
-xumpioi	Total		
	Trade or		
	business		
	income		
	from		
	Schedule K-1	Entity's TTA	TTA
Pass-through	(100S, 541,	apportionment	apportioned
entity	565, or 568)	percentage	income
ABC, Inc.	\$40,000	80%	\$32,000
A, B, & C	30,000	10%	3,000
ABC, LLC	10,000	50%	5,000
Total			\$40,000

Part III Taxpayer's Trade or **Business**

Business Income or Loss

Use business income or loss from federal Form 1040 Schedules C, C-EZ, E, and F, plus California adjustments from Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) for each trade or business. Also. include business capital gains and losses from Schedule D and business gains and losses from Schedule D-1 as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR).

Income Computation

To compute the TTA Income Worksheet V. Section C, and Schedule Z, you must complete Worksheet IV, Section C. The instructions below refer to Worksheet IV, Section C.

Located Entirely Within the TTA

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is entirely within the TTA, enter the income or loss from this activity within column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted entirely within the TTA, enter the gain or loss reported in column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b).

Located Entirely Within California

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is entirely within California, enter the income or loss from this activity in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV. Section A. line 4. column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) was attributed to an asset

used in an activity conducted entirely within California, enter the gain or loss reported in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage figure in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Located Within and Outside the TTA and California

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is within and outside the TTA and California, get Schedule R and complete line 1 through line 13b. Enter the amount from Schedule R, line 13b in column (a) of this worksheet. To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b)

Note: When computing Schedule R, disregard any reference to Form 100, Form 100W, Form 565, or Form 568. Also, disregard any reference to Schedule R-3, Schedule R-4, or Schedule R-5, and skip line 11.

Nonresidents that have an apportioning business that operates within the TTA should have already computed Schedule R, and can use those amounts when that schedule is referenced. Residents that have an apportioning business will not have completed a Schedule R since they are taxed on income from all sources. However, in order for residents to determine their California source business income for purposes of the TTA computation, they also must complete a Schedule R.

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted within and outside the TTA and California, get Schedule R and complete Schedule R-1. Multiply the gain or loss reported by the percentage on Schedule R-1, line 5 and enter the result in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section A. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 14

If you are computing the TTA Net Operating Loss (NOL) and the result on the Income or Loss Worksheet, line 14, column (c) is a negative amount, enter this amount on Worksheet V, Section A, line 1.

Note: If the amount is positive, you do not have a TTA NOL.

If you are computing the TTA business income and the result on the Income or Loss Worksheet, line 14, column (c) is a positive amount and:

- You have TTA NOL carryovers, enter the amount on Worksheet V, Section C, line 1 and line 6 (skip line 2 through line 5).
 Enter the amount from the Income or Loss Worksheet, line 14, column (c) on Schedule Z, Part I, line 1 and line 3 (skip line 2) if you have TTA credits; or
- You do not have TTA NOL carryovers but you do have TTA credits or credit carryovers, enter the amount on Schedule Z, Part I, line 1 and line 3 (skip line 2).

Note: If the amount is negative, you do not have any business income attributable to the TTA and you cannot utilize any TTA NOL carryover, credit(s), or credit carryover(s) in the current taxable year.

Loss Computation

To compute the TTA NOL for Worksheet V, Section A, you must complete Worksheet IV, Section C. The instructions below refer to Worksheet IV, Section C.

Located Entirely Within the TTA

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is entirely within the TTA, enter the income or loss from this activity in column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted entirely within the TTA, enter the gain or loss reported in column (a), and enter 1.00 in column (b). Located Within and Outside the TTA

Located Within and Outside the TTA

Line 6 - Line 9

If your business operation reported on federal Form 1040 Schedule C, C-EZ, E, F, or other schedule is within and outside the TTA, enter the income or loss from this activity in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section B. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section B, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 11 and Line 12

If the gain or loss reported on Schedule D or Schedule D-1 as adjusted on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) was attributed to an asset used in an activity conducted within and outside the TTA, enter the gain or loss

	orksheet IV (continued)			
	ction C Income or Loss rt I Individual Income and Expense Itel	me Saa instructions		
<u>ra</u>	TE T Individual income and Expense ite	(a) Amount	(b) Percentage of time providing services in the TTA	(c) Apportioned amount (a) x (b)
1	Wages			
2	Employee business expenses			
3	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 1, column	(c) and line 2, column (c) on thi	s line	
Pa	rt II Pass-Through Income or Loss. See	e instructions.		
	(a) Name of en	tity	(b) Distributive or pro-rata share of bus to the TTA from Schedule K-1 (10 capital gains	siness income or loss apportioned 10S, 541, 565, or 568) including
4				
5	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 4, column	n (b) on this line		
Pa	rt III Taxpayer's Trade or Business. Se	e instructions.		
		(a) Business income or loss	(b) Apportionment percentage for the TTA	(c) Apportioned income or loss (a) x (b)
6	Schedule C or C-EZ			
7	Schedule E (Rentals)			
8	Schedule F			
9	Other business income or loss			
10	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 6 through	line 9, column (c) on this line		
		(a) Business gain or loss	(b) Apportionment percentage for the TTA	(c) Apportioned gain or loss (a) x (b)
11	Schedule D			
12	Schedule D-1			
13	Subtotal: Enter the total of line 11, colum	n (c) and line 12, column (c) on	this line	
14	Total: Enter the total of column (c) for line 3, line 10, and line 13, and line 5, column (b) on this line. See instructions			

reported in column (a). To determine the apportionment percentage in column (b), complete Worksheet IV, Section B. Enter the percentage from Worksheet IV, Section B, line 4, column (c) on Worksheet IV, Section C, column (b).

Line 14

See line 14 under Income Computation.

Part V Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and Loss Limitations

A TTA NOL generated by a business that operates or invests within the TTA can be carried forward for 15 years but may not be carried back. In addition, up to 100% of the NOL generated in the TTA can be carried forward.

The business cannot generate NOLs from activities within the TTA before the first taxable year beginning on or after the date the TTA is officially designated or for the taxable years ending after the designation expires. The TTA received final designation on November 1, 1998.

Limitation

A TTA NOL deduction can only offset business income attributable to operations within the

Election

Taxpayers must elect and designate the carryover category (general or specific, enterprise zone, LAMBRA, TTA, or Pierce's disease NOL) on the original return for the year of a loss and file form FTB 3809 for each year in which a TTA NOL deduction is being taken. The election is irrevocable.

Note: If you elect the TTA NOL deduction, you are prohibited by law from carrying over any other type of NOL (relating to TTA activities) from this year.

To determine which type of NOL will provide the greatest benefit, businesses that have general or specific, EZ, LAMBRA, TTA, or Pierce's disease NOLs, or that may qualify for the special NOL treatment should estimate future income and complete Worksheet V and the following forms or worksheets if applicable:

- FTB 3805D, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and Limitation — Pierce's Disease:
- FTB 3805Q, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Corporations;

- FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Individuals, Estates and Trusts:
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Business Booklet, Schedule Z: or
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Business Booklet, Worksheet V.

Alternative Minimum Tax

Taxpayers claiming a TTA NOL deduction must determine their NOL for alternative minimum tax purposes. Use Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541) to compute the NOL for alternative minimum tax purposes.

S corporations

TTA NOLs incurred prior to becoming an S corporation cannot be used against S corporation income. See IRC Section 1371(b).

However, an S corporation is allowed to deduct a TTA NOL incurred after the "S" election is made. An S corporation may use the NOL as a deduction against income subject to the 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations). The expenses (and income) giving rise to the loss are also passed through to the shareholders in the year the loss is incurred.

NOL Carryover Amount – Businesses Operating Totally Within the TTA

For taxpayers with all payroll and property within the TTA, the NOL carryover is determined by computing the business loss that results from business activity within the TTA.

NOL Carryover Amount – Businesses Operating Within and Outside the TTA

If the business is located within and outside the TTA, the loss amount available for carryover is determined by apportioning the total business loss of the entity to the TTA pursuant to the provisions of R&TC Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101), with certain modifications to the apportioning factors. The apportionment factors include the property and payroll factors, and compare TTA property and payroll to total property and payroll. The loss calculation is done on Worksheet V. Section A for individuals and

exempt trusts, and Worksheet V, Section B for corporations. The apportionment factor computation is done on Worksheet IV, Section B for business entities and Worksheet IV, Section C for individuals. The loss carryover is deducted from income apportioned by each business to the TTA in subsequent years. This computation is done on Worksheet V, Section C.

Corporations that are members of a unitary group filing a combined report must separately compute loss carryover for each corporation in the group (R&TC Section 25108) using their individual apportionment

Unlike the NOL treatment on a federal consolidated return, a loss carryover for one member included in a combined report may not be applied to the intrastate apportioned income of another member included in a combined report.

For any water's-edge taxpayer, RTC Section 24416(c) imposes a limitation on the NOL deduction, if the NOL is generated during a non-water's edge tax year. The NOL carryover is limited to the lesser of the NOL or the recomputed NOL. The re-computed NOL carryover is re-determined by computing the income and factors of the original worldwide combined reporting group, as if the water's-edge election had been in force for the year of the loss. RTC Section 24416(c) serves as a limitation. If this section applies, the NOL carryover for each corporation may only be decreased, but not increased.

Instructions for Worksheet V — Net Operating Loss Computation and Loss Limitations

Individuals and exempt trusts with a current year loss should complete Section A. Corporations with a current year loss complete Section B. Individuals, exempt trusts, and corporations with current year income and a prior year TTA NOL carryover complete Section C.

Section A – Computation of Current Year NOL — Individuals and Exempt Trusts

Use this section to compute the TTA NOL to be carried over to future years by individuals and exempt trusts. Complete Section A only if you have a current year loss.

You must complete form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Individuals, Estates and Trusts, before you can compute the allowable TTA loss.

To compute the TTA NOL, separate business income and deductions from nonbusiness income and deductions. See Part IV for a complete discussion of business and nonbusiness income.

Section B – Computation of Current Year NOL — Corporations

Use this section to compute the TTA NOL to be carried over to future years for corporations. Complete Section B only if the corporation has a current year loss.

You must complete form FTB 3805Q, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Corporations, before you can compute the allowable TTA loss.

Section C – Computation of NOL Carryover and Carryover Limitations

For taxable years beginning in 2002 and 2003, California has suspended the Net Operating Loss carryover deduction. However, the deduction for disaster losses is not affected by the NOL suspension rules.

The carryover period for suspended losses is extended by two years for losses incurred before January 1, 2002 and by one year for losses incurred after January 1, 2002 and before January 1, 2003.

For more information, get forms FTB 3805V and 3805Q.

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, the NOL carryover computation for the California taxable income of a nonresident or part-year resident is no longer limited by the amount of net operating loss from all sources. Only your California sourced income and losses are considered in determining if you have a California NOL.

As a result of the NOL suspension, Worksheet V, Section C (Computation of NOL Carryover and Carryover Limitations - Individuals, Exempt Trusts, and Corporations), line 1 through line 7 are shaded because they are

Line 8 through Line 11 / Enter the amounts on line 8 through line 11 as positive numbers.

In column (e), enter the amount from column (b), as applicable.

Example:

(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Carryover	Amount	Balance	TTÁ NOL
from	deducted	available to	carryover
prior year	this year	offset losses	•
		\$5.000	

7	Vorksheet V Net Operating Loss (NOL) — Targeted Tax Area		
S	ection A Computation of Current Year Net Operating Loss — Individuals and Exempt Trusts		
1	Net trade or business loss from all sources. Individuals: Enter the total from Worksheet IV, Section C, line 14,		
	column (c) as a positive number. For purposes of this worksheet section, do not include any 2001 losses		
	or disaster loss carryovers in line 1. See instructions for definition of business income.		
	Exempt Trusts: Enter the amount from Form 109, line 10	1	
2	Total business capital losses included in line 1. Enter as a positive number	2	
3	Total business capital gains included in line 1	3	
4	If line 2 is greater than line 3, enter the difference as a positive number; otherwise enter -0	4	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 1. If the result is zero or less, do not complete the rest of this section. You do not have a		
	current year NOL from the TTA	5	
6	Enter the amount from form FTB 3805V, Part I, Section A, line 20	6	
7	Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 6 here and in Section C, line 12, column (e)	7	

This is the TTA NOL carryover from 2002 to 2003.

V	Worksheet V (continued)						
S	ection B Computation of Current Year Net Ope						
_	Note: If you have a TTA NOL and a pri	• •					
	heck the appropriate box to describe your entity ty] C corporation	pe during the year that the l empt corporation	NUL was incur	rea:			
_	Net loss for state purposes from Form 100 or Fo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NS combined	amounts of	fline 15 and		
•	line 17; or Form 109, line 1. Enter as a positive						
Schedule R, line 12							
2	a 2002 disaster relief loss included in line 1. Er					2a	
	b Nonbusiness income included in line 1. Enter	r as a negative number				2b	
	c Nonbusiness losses included in line 1. Enter	as a positive number				2c	
	d Combine line 2a through line 2c					2d	
3	Subtract line 2d from line 1. If zero or less, do n	•					
	a current year NOL					3	
4	0 11					4	
5 6	Multiply line 3 by line 4					5 6	
	Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 6 here and in S					7	
•	This is the TTA NOL carryover from 2002 to 2003	·	,,,				
	This is the TTA NOL sarry over from 2002 to 200	0.					
s	ection C Computation of NOL Carryover and	Carryover Limitations —	Individuals, E	kempt Trus	ts, and Corporations	s. See	instructions.
1	Enter the amount from Form 100 or Form 100W,	line 18; Form 100S, combi	ned amounts		-	1///	
	of line 15 and line 17; or Form 109, line 1 or lin	e 10. Form 540 and Form 5	40NR filers,				
	enter the total from Worksheet IV, Section C, line	e 14, column (c) on line 1					
	and line 6 (skip line 2 through line 5). See instru						
	file a combined report, enter the taxpayer's busi						
•	(See instructions Part IV)			1		-	
2	a Form 100, Form 100W, Form 100S, and Forr income included in line 1 as a negative numb						XXX
	filers leave blank			2a	.cPl		
	b Form 100, Form 100W, Form 100S, and Form				SUSPI		
	loss included in line 1 as a positive number.						
	leave blank			2b			
	c Combine line 2a and line 2b			2c			
3	Form 100 or Form 100W filers: Enter the amount	t from Form 100 or Form 10	00W, line 22.				
	Form 100S filers: Enter the total of the amount f	•					
	Form 540, Long Form 540NR, and Form 109 file						
	negative number			3		-///	
4	Combine line 1, line 2c, and line 3. If zero or les			5		-///	
5	Enter the average apportionment percentage from Modified taxable income. Multiply line 4 by line 5					6	//////////////////////////////////////
_	Modified taxable income. Multiply life 4 by life 5	J. Jee mstructions					
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)		(e)
	Description	Carryover from prior year	Amount de this ye		Balance available offset losses	to	TTA NOL carryover
_		//////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	,aı ///////	011301103303		///////////////////////////////////////
-	7 Modified taxable income from line 6						
_	B TTA NOL carryover beginning in 1998.		///////////////////////////////////////	///////	1		<i>(////////////////////////////////////</i>
	, ,						
Ç	TTA NOL carryover beginning in 1999.				0		
_					ENDED		
10	TTA NOL carryover beginning in 2000.			SUSP	ENDED		
_	4 TTA NOL commons beginning in 0004			J -			
17	1 TTA NOL carryover beginning in 2001. See instructions						
19	2 TTA NOL Carryover beginning in 2002.						
14	See instructions	<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>					
13	3 Total the amounts in column (b), and						
	column (e). See instructions						

\$ 500 \$ 500

Line 12 – Enter the amount of your current year NOL in column (e). For individuals and exempt trusts, enter the amount from Section A, line 7. For corporations, enter the amount from Section B, line 7.

Line 13 – Total the amounts in column (b), and column (e). Enter the totals from column (b) and column (e) on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 3a and line 3c, accordingly.

Part VI Computation of Credit Limitations

Credit Limitations

The amount of credit you can claim on your California tax return is limited by the amount of tax attributable to TTA business income. Use Schedule Z, Computation of Credit Limitations form FTB 3809, Side 2 to compute this limitation.

If a taxpayer owns an interest in a disregarded business entity, the amount of the credit that can be utilized is limited to the difference between the taxpayer's regular tax computed with the income of the disregarded entity, and the taxpayer's regular tax computed without the income of the disregarded entity. For more information on disregarded business entities, get Form 568, Limited Liability Company Tax Booklet.

Partnerships must allocate the credit among the partners according to the partners' distributive share as determined in a written partnership agreement. See R&TC Section 17039(e).

Credits you are otherwise eligible to claim may be limited. Do not apply credits against the minimum franchise tax (corporations and S corporations), annual tax (partnerships and QSub), alternative minimum tax (corporations, exempt organizations, individuals, and fiduciaries), built-in gains tax (S corporations), or excess net passive income tax (S corporations).

Refer to the credit instructions in your tax booklet for more information.

Members of a Unitary or Combined Group

The TTA credits cannot be allocated or otherwise transferred to another taxpayer, even if the other taxpayer is a member of a unitary or combined group or otherwise affiliated with the taxpayer that earned the credit. For example, a subsidiary corporation that generates a TTA hiring credit cannot allocate the credit to the parent corporation.

S Corporations and the Application of TTA Credits

An S corporation may use its TTA credits to reduce TTA tax at both the corporate and shareholder levels.

An S corporation may use 1/3 of the TTA credits to reduce the tax on the S corporation's TTA business income. In addition, S corporation shareholders may

claim their pro-rata share of the entire amount of the TTA credits computed under the Personal Income Tax Law.

Example: In 2002, an S corporation qualified for a \$3,000 TTA hiring credit. The S corporation will be able to use 1/3 of the credit (\$3,000 x 1/3 = \$1,000) to offset the tax on the corporation's TTA income.

The S corporation will also pass-through a \$3,000 credit to its shareholders to offset their individual tax (computed under the Personal Income Tax Law) on TTA income.

S corporations should attach form FTB 3809 to Form 100S, California S Corporation Franchise or Income Tax Return, to claim the tax credits.

The investors need to attach Form 3809 to their returns.

Carryover

If the amount of credit available this year exceeds your TTA tax, you may carry over any excess credit to future years until exhausted. Apply the carryover to the earliest taxable year(s) possible. In no event can the credit be carried back and applied against a prior year's tax.

For S corporations, the amount of the 1/3 credit that is in excess of the 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations) in the current year may also be carried forward and used in future years to offset the S corporation entity-level business tax. See the instructions for Schedule Z, Part III, for more information.

Credit Code Number

You must use credit code number 210 to claim the TTA hiring and sales or use tax credits on your tax return. Using an incorrect code number may cause a delay in allowing the credit(s).

Instructions for Schedule Z — Computation of Credit Limitations

Note: Schedule Z is on Side 2 of form FTB 3809.

Partnerships

Do not complete Schedule Z. The partners and members of these types of entities should complete Schedule Z in order to determine the amount of TTA credits that they may claim on their California tax return. S corporations and their shareholders must complete Schedule Z.

Reporting Requirements of S Corporations, Estates and Trusts, and Partnerships

- Report to shareholders, beneficiaries, partners, and members, the distributive or pro-rata share of business income, losses, and deductions apportioned to the TTA; and
- Separately state any distributive or prorata share of business capital gains and losses apportioned to the TTA included in the amount above.

S corporations

Complete only Part I and Part III of Schedule Z if your entity-level tax before credits is more than the minimum franchise tax.

Corporations and S corporations subject to the minimum franchise tax only Complete only Part IV of Schedule Z.

All others: Complete Part I and Part II of Schedule Z.

Part I

Note: For filers with NOLs or NOL carryovers.

- Complete Worksheet V first if you have a current year NOL or an NOL carryover.
- Then complete Schedule Z if you have any TTA credits.

If you do not have a current year NOL or any NOL carryovers:

- Individuals: Go to Worksheet IV, Section C. Follow the instructions there. Enter the amount from Worksheet IV, Section C, line 14, column (c) on Schedule Z, Part I, line 1 and line 3 (skip line 2).
- Corporations: Follow the instructions for line 1 below.

Line 1 – Enter all trade or business income. See Part IV for the definition of business income.

Line 2 – If your business is located entirely within the TTA, enter 1.

This percentage is the apportionment percentage computed by the entity using Worksheet IV, Section A, and represents the percentage of the entity's business income attributable to the TTA.

Line 6a – Compute the tax as if the TTA taxable income represented all of your taxable income.

Individuals

Use the tax table or tax rate schedule in your tax booklet for your filing status.

Exempt organizations

Use the applicable tax rate in your tax booklet.

Corporations and S corporationsUse the applicable tax rate.

Example: (Determination of TTA Income for Shareholders, Partners, or Members of Pass-Through Entities)

John Anderson is vice president of ABC, Inc., an S corporation that has two locations: one within the TTA and one outside the TTA. Eighty percent (80%) of the S corporation's business is attributable to the TTA.

Note: This percentage was determined by ABC, Inc. using Worksheet IV, Section A, when ABC's S corporation return (Form 100S) was prepared.)

John divides his time equally (50/50) between the two offices of ABC, Inc. Jackie Anderson (John's spouse) works for ABC, Inc. at its office located within the TTA.

John and Jackie Anderson have the following items of California income and expense for the 2002 tax year:

John's salary from ABC, Inc \$100,000 Jackie's salary from ABC, Inc
John's TTA salary (\$100,000 x 50%) \$50,000 Jackie's TTA salary (\$75,000 x 100%)
employee business expenses (\$2,000 x 50%)(1,000) Total TTA income (Schedule Z, Part I, line 3)\$151,000

Note: The standard deduction and personal or dependency exemptions are not included in the computation of TTA income since they are not related to trade or business activities. John and Jackie must compute the tax (to be entered on Schedule Z, Part I, line 6a) on the total TTA income of \$151,000 (as if it represents all of their income). Using the tax rate schedule in their tax booklet for filing status married filing joint, the 2002 tax computed on \$151,000 is \$10,348.

Line 6b – Corporations and S corporations

If the amount on line 6b is the minimum franchise tax (\$800), you cannot use your TTA credits this year. You should complete Part IV of the worksheet to compute the amount of credit carryover.

Part II

Use Part II of Schedule Z if you are a corporation, individual, estate, or trust. Corporations and S corporations that are subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax, go to Part IV of Schedule Z.

Line 8A, column (e) – Enter the amount from line 7. This is the amount of limitation based on the tax on TTA business income.

Line 8A, column (f) – Enter the amount of credit that is used on Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541), column (b). The amount cannot be greater than the amount on line 8A, column (e) or the amount computed on line 8B, column (d). Enter this amount on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 1a.

Line 8B, column (b) – Enter the amount of the current year credit that was computed on Worksheet I. Section A. line 4.

Line 8B, column (c) – Enter the amount of the total prior year credit carryover. This is the amount of credit that was previously figured on Worksheet I, Section A, in the prior year, minus the amount that was allowed to be taken on the prior year return.

Line 8B, column (d) – Add the amount of the current year credit on line 8B, column (b) and the amount of the total prior year carryover on line 8B, column (c).

Line 8B, column (e) – Compare the amounts on line 8A, column (e) and line 8A, column (f). Enter the smaller amount.

Line 8B, column (g) – Subtract the amount on line 8B, column (e) from the amount on line 8B, column (d). Enter the result on line 8B, column (g). This is the amount of credit that can be carried over to future years.

Note: This carryover includes both the Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541) limitation and the limitation based on TTA

business income.

Line 9A, column (e) – Subtract the amount on line 8B, column (e) from the amount on line 8A, column (e). If the result is zero, your remaining credits are limited and must be carried over to future years. In this case, enter the amount from line 9B, column (d) on line 9B, column (g).

Line 9A, column (f) – Enter the amount of credit that is used on Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541), column (b). The amount cannot be greater than the amount on line 9A, column (e) or the amount computed on line 9B, column (d). Enter this amount on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 1b.

Line 9B, column (b) – Enter the amount of the current year credit that was computed on Worksheet II, line 2, column (c).

Line 9B, column (c) – Enter the amount of the total prior year credit carryover. This is the amount of credit that was previously figured on Worksheet II in the prior year, minus the amount that was allowed to be taken on the prior year return.

Line 9B, column (d) – Add the amount of the current year credit on line 9B, column (b) and the amount of the total prior year carryover on line 9B, column (c).

Line 9B, column (e) - Compare the amounts on line 9A, column (e) and line 9A, column (f). Enter the smaller amount.

Line 9B, column (g) – Subtract the amount on line 9B, column (e) from the amount on line 9B, column (d). Enter the result on line 9B, column (g). This is the amount of credit that can be carried over to future years.

Note: This carryover includes both the Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541) limitation and the limitation based on TTA business income. Example: Part II

Assume the ABC Business has \$8,000 of tax. The business computed a credit limitation based on the TTA income of \$7,000 on Schedule Z, line 7.

Part II Limitat	art II Limitation of Credits for Corporations, Individuals, and Estates and Trusts. See instructions.								
(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		
Credit name		Credit amount	Total prior year carryover	Total credit col. (b) plus col. (c)	Limitation based on TTA business income	Used on Schedule P can never be greater than col. (d) or col. (e)	Carryover col. (d) minus col. (e)		
8 Hiring credit	А				7,000	800			
• Hilling Credit	В	500	300	800	800		-0-		
9 Sales or use	А				6,200	6,200			
tax credit	В	9,000	-0-	9,000	6,200		2,800		

The business has the following credits:

Hiring credit — \$500 and a \$300 carryover from a prior year Sales or use tax credit — \$9,000

Schedule Z, Part II would be computed as follows:

Part III

Use Part III of Schedule Z only if you are an S corporation.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (b) – Enter the amounts of current year credits that were computed on Worksheet I and Worksheet II in column (b) for line 10 and line 11, as applicable. Also enter this amount on Form 100S:

- Schedule C, line 4; and
- · Schedule K, line 13.

You may need to adjust your Schedule C (100S) to reflect the TTA tax limitation (Part I, line 7) to your credits after completing this worksheet.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (c) – Multiply the amounts on line 10 and line 11, column (b) by 1/3. Enter these amounts in column (c). The amounts in column (c) are the maximum amounts of the current year credits that may be used by the S corporation to offset its 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations).

Line 10 and Line 11, column (d) – Enter the amounts of total prior year credit carryover. These are the credit amounts that were previously computed on the prior year Worksheet I and Worksheet II, minus the amounts that were allowed to be taken on the prior year return.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (e) – Add the amounts of the current year credits in column (c) and the total prior year carryovers in column (d).

Line 10 and Line 11, column (f) – Enter the credit amounts that were used by the S corporation in the current year to offset its 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations). Enter the amounts in

column (f) for line 10 and line 11 on form FTB 3809, Side 1, line 1a and line 1b, as applicable.

Line 10 and Line 11, column (g) – Subtract the amount in column (f) for each line from the amounts in column (e). These are the credit amounts that can be carried over to future years and used by the S corporation.

Part IV

Use Part IV of Schedule Z if you are a corporation or S corporation subject to paying only the minimum franchise tax.

Line 12 and Line 13, column (b) – Enter the amounts of current year credits that were computed on Worksheet I and Worksheet II. S corporations may enter only 1/3 of the amounts from Worksheet I and II on line 12, column (b) and line 13, column (b), as applicable.

Line 12 and Line 13, column (c) — Enter the amounts of the total prior year credit carryovers. These are the credit amounts that were previously computed on Worksheet I and Worksheet II in the prior year, minus the amounts that were allowed to be taken on the prior year return. S corporations may enter only 1/3 of the amounts from Worksheet I and Worksheet II.

Line 12 and Line 13, column (d) – Add the amounts in column (b) and column (c) for line 12 and line 13. These are the credit amounts that can be carried over to future years.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition (Partial Listing)

The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual is organized using a hierarchial structure, first by division, then by two-digit major groups within each division, then by three-digit industry groups within each major group, and finally by four-digit industry codes within each industry group.

Classification of business activities is based upon establishments, which are defined in the SIC Manual as an economic unit, generally at a single physical location, where business is conducted, or where services or industrial operations are performed. A taxpayer's enterprise may consist of more than one establishment. The SIC Manual provides the following examples of establishments: A factory, mill, store, hotel, movie theater, mine, farm, ranch, bank, railroad depot, airline terminal, sales office, warehouse, or central administrative office. Where distinct and separate economic activities are performed at a single physical location (such as construction activities operated out of the same physical location as a lumber yard), each activity should be treated as a separate establishment where: (1) No one industry description in the SIC Manual includes such combined activities; (2) The employment in each economic activity is significant; and

3995 Burial caskets

(3) Separate reports are prepared on the number of employees, their wages and salaries, sales or receipts, property and equipment, and other types of financial data, such as financial statements, job costing, and profit center accounting.

For purposes of this publication, the following SIC codes are listed since only taxpayers with establishments in these industry codes qualify for the TTA tax incentives:

- SIC Codes 2000 through 2099;
- SIC Codes 2200 through 3999;
- SIC Codes 4200 through 4299;
- SIC Codes 4500 through 4599; and
- SIC Codes 4700 through 5199.

The complete Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition, is available for purchase from:

NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE 5285 PORT ROYAL ROAD SPRINGFIELD VIRGINIA 22161

Order No. PB 87-100012

The manual is also available on the Internet at: www.osha.gov/oshstats/sicser.html

The four-digit industry codes within Division D of the SIC Manual are: (nec means "not elsewhere classified")

2021 Creamery butter

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3291	Abrasive products	3578	Calculating & accounting	3466	Crowns & closures		Fasteners, buttons, needles, & pins
2891	Adhesives & sealants		equipment	3643	Current-carrying wiring devices	2875	Fertilizers, mixing only
2879	Agricultural chemicals, nec	2064	Candy & other confectionery	2391	Curtains & draperies	2655	Fiber cans, drums, & similar
3563	Air & gas compressors		products		Custom compound purchased		products
3728	Aircraft parts & equipment, nec	2062	Cane sugar refining		resins	2262	Finishing plants, manmade
3724	Aircraft engines & engine parts	2033	Canned fruits & vegetables	3281	Cut stone & stone products	2261	Finishing plants, cotton
3721	Aircraft	2091	Canned & cured fish & seafood	3421		2269	Finishing plants, nec
2812	Alkalies & chlorine		Canned specialties		Cyclic crudes & intermediates		Flat glass
3354	Aluminum extruded products		Canvas & related products		Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, &	2087	Flavoring extracts & syrups, nec
3355	Aluminum rolling & drawing, nec		Carbon paper & inked ribbons		soups	2041	Flour & other grain mill products
3365	Aluminum foundries		Carbon black	3843	Dental equipment & supplies		Fluid meters & counting devices
	Aluminum sheet, plate, & foil	3624	Carbon & graphite products		Die-cut paper products	3492	Fluid power valves & hose fittings
	Aluminum die-casting	3592	Carburetors, pistons, rings, &		Distilled & blended liquors		Fluid milk
	Ammunition, except for small		valves		Dog & cat food	3594	Fluid power pumps & motors
	arms, nec	2273	Carpets & rugs		Dolls & stuffed toys		Fluid power cylinders & actuators
3826	Analytical instruments		Cellulosic manmade fiber		Drapery hardware, blinds, &	2657	Folding paperboard boxes
	Animal & marine fats & oils	3241	Cement, hydraulic		shades		Food preparations, nec
	Apparel belts	3253	Ceramic wall & floor tile	2023	Dry, condensed, & evaporated	3556	Food products machinery
	Apparel & accessories, nec		Cereal breakfast foods		dairy products		Footwear cut stock
	Architectural metal work		Cheese, natural & processed	2079	Edible fats & oils, nec	3149	Footwear, except rubber, nec
	Asbestos products		Chemical preparations, nec	3641	Electric lamps		Fresh/frozen prepared fish/seafood
	Asphalt felts & coatings	2067	Chewing gum		Electric housewares & fans		Frozen bakery products, except
	Asphalt paving mixtures & blocks		Chocolate & cocoa products		Electrical equipment & supplies,		bread
	Automatic vending machines	3255	Clay refractories	0000	nec	2038	Frozen specialties, nec
	Automotive & apparel trimmings		Coated fabrics, not rubberized	3629	Electrical industrial apparatus, nec		Frozen fruits & vegetables
	Automotive stampings		Cold finishing of steel shapes		Electromedical equipment		Fur goods
	Bags: plastic, laminated, & coated	2754	Commercial printing, gravure		Electrometallurgical products		Furniture & fixtures, nec
	Bags: uncoated paper & multiwall	2752	Commercial printing, lithographic		Electronic components, nec		Games, toys, & children's vehicles
	Ball & roller bearings		Commercial printing, nec	3678	Electronic connectors		Gaskets, packing, & sealing devices
2063	Beet sugar	3582	Commercial laundry equipment	3671			General industrial machinery, nec
2836	Biological products except		Commercial lighting fixtures		Electronic capacitors		Girls' & children's outerwear, nec
	diagnostic		Communication equipment	3676	Electronic resistors		Girls' & children's dresses, blouses
2782	Blankbooks & looseleaf binders		Computer peripheral equipment,		Electronic coils & transformers		Glass containers
3312	Blast furnace & steel mills		nec	3571		3321	Gray & ductile iron foundries
3564	Blowers & fans	3575	Computer terminals		Elevators & moving stairways	2771	Greeting cards
3732	Boat building & repairing	3572	Computer storage devices	3694	Engine electrical equipment	3764	Guided missile & space vehicle
3452	Bolts, nuts, rivets, & washers	3271	Concrete block & brick	2677	Envelopes		parts
2731	Book publishing	3272	Concrete products, nec		Environmental controls	3769	Guided missile & space vehicle
2732			Construction machinery	2892	Explosives		parts, nec
2789	Bookbinding & related work	2679	Converted paper products, nec		Fabric dress & work gloves	3761	Guided missiles & parts
	Bottled & canned soft drinks	3535	Conveyors & conveying equipment		Fabricated metal products, nec	2861	Gum & wood chemicals
2342	Bras, girdles, & allied garments	2052	Cookies & crackers		Fabricated plate work (boiler	3275	Gypsum products
2051	Bread, cake, & related products	3351	Copper rolling & drawing		shops)	3423	Hand & edge tools, nec
3251	Brick & structural clay tile	3366	Copper foundries	3498	Fabricated pipe & fittings	3996	Hardsurface floor coverings, nec
	Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	2298	Cordage & twine	3069	Fabricated rubber products, nec	2429	Hardware, nec
2221		2653	Corrugated & solid fiber boxes		Fabricated structural metal		Hardwood dimensions & flooring
2231		3961	Costume jewelry	2399	Fabricated textile products, nec		mills
	Brooms & brushes	2074	Cottonseed oil		Farm machinery & equipment		
3002	Rurial cackate	2021	Croamany huttor		, , ,		

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2435	Hardwood veneer & plywood	3308	Metal heat treating	3568	Power transmission equipment,	3842	Surgical appliances & supplies
	Hats, caps, & millinery		Metal cans	0000	nec	3613	Switchgear & switchboard
2000	Heating again avent electric			05.40		3013	Switchigear & Switchiboard
	Heating equip, except electric	0412	Metal barrels, drums, & pails		Power-driven handtools	0000	apparatus
	Hoists, cranes, & monorails		Metal sanitary ware		Prefabricated metal buildings	2822	Synthetic rubber
	Hosiery, nec		Metal foil & leaf		Prefabricated wood buildings	3795	Tanks & tank components
2392	House furnishings, nec	3479	Metal coating & allied services	2045	Prepared flour mixes & doughs	3661	Telephone & telegraph apparatus
	House slippers	3469	Metal stampings, nec	2048	Prepared feeds, nec	3552	Textile machinery
	Household audio & video	3442	Metal door, sash, & trim		Prerecorded records & tapes		Textile bags
0001	equipment		Millwork		Pressed & blown glass, nec		Textile goods, nec
0005	Ususahald vasuum alaanara			2223	Drimon, motal are dueta nos		
3035	Household vacuum cleaners		Mineral wool	3399	Primary metal products, nec	2284	Thread mills
3631	Household cooking appliances	3295	Minerals, ground or treated		Primary nonferrous metals, nec	2282	Throwing & winding mills
3633	Household laundry equipment	3532	Mining machinery	3334	Primary aluminum		Tire cord & fabrics
	Household appliances, nec		Misc publishing	3331	Primary copper		Tires & inner tubes
	Household furniture, nec		Misc metal work	3602	Primary batteries, dry & wet		Toilet preparations
2010	Household refrigerators 9 francisco	0400	Mice to brigger of wire products				
	Household refrigerators & freezers		Misc fabricated wire products		Printed circuit boards	3612	Transformers, except electronic
	lce cream & frozen desserts		Mobile homes	2893	Printing ink		Transportation equipment, nec
	Industrial valves	3716	Motor homes	3555	Printing trades machinery	3792	Travel trailers & campers
2819	Industrial inorganic chem, nec	3711	Motor vehicles & car bodies		Process control instruments	3713	Truck & bus bodies
3599	Industrial machinery, nec		Motor & generators	3231	Products of purchased glass		Truck trailers
2860	Industrial organic chem, nec	271/	Motor vehicle parts & accessories	2521	Public building & related furniture		Turbines & turbines generator sets
2003	Industrial toyanic chem, nec	0754	Matarasia historia 0 marta			0704	Turnings & turnings generator sets
3537	Industrial trucks & tractors	3/51	Motorcycles, bicycles, & parts		Pulp mills	2/91	Typesetting
2813	Industrial gases		Musical instruments	3561	Pumps & pumping equipment	3082	Unsupported plastic profile shapes
3543	Industrial patterns	2441	Nailed wood boxes & shook	3663	Radio & TV communication	3081	Unsupported plastic film & sheet
3567	Industrial furnaces & ovens		Narrow fabric mills		eguipment	2512	Upholstered household furniture
	Inorganic pigments		Newspapers	3743	Railroad equipment		Valves & pipe fittings, nec
2010	Instruments to measure electricity	2072	Nitrogenous fertilizers	2061	Raw sugar cane	2075	Vegetable oil mills, nec
3023	instruments to measure electricity	2013	Nitrogenous tertifizers			2070	Vegetable oil mills, nec
3519	Internal combustion engines, nec		Nonclay refractories		Ready-mixed concrete	3647	Vehicular lighting equipment
2835	In vitro & in vivo diagnostic	3644	Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	2493	Reconstituted wood products	3261	Vitreous plumbing fixtures
	substances	3369	Nonferrous foundries, nec	3585	Refrigeration & heating equipment		Vitreous china table & kitchenware
3462	Iron & steel forging	3364	Nonferrous die-casting, except	3625	Relays & industrial controls		Watches, clocks, & parts
	Jewelers' materials & lapidary work	0004		2645	Residential lighting fixtures	2205	Waterproof outerwear
		0057	aluminum	3043	Discouling lighting lixtures		
	Jewelry, precious metal	3357	Nonferrous wiredrawing &		Rice milling		Weft knit fabric mills
	Knit outerwear mills		insulating		Roasted coffee	3548	Welding apparatus
2254	Knit underwear mills	3356	Nonferrous rolling & drawing, nec	2384	Robes & dressing gowns	2046	Wet corn milling
2259	Knitting mills, nec	3341			Rolling mill machinery		Wines, brandy, & brandy spirits
	Laboratory apparatus & furniture	3463			Rubber & plastic hose & belting		Wire springs
0051	Landiatory apparatus & runniture			2002	Dubbar 9 plastic fractions	0490	Waman'a 9 mianas' avita 9 anata
2258	Lace & warp knit fabric mills	3299			Rubber & plastic footwear	2337	Women's & misses' suits & coats
3083	Laminated plastic plate & sheet		Nonwoven fabrics	2068	Salted & roasted nuts & seeds	2335	Women's, juniors', & misses'
3524	Lawn & garden equipment	3579	Office machines, nec	2656	Sanitary food containers		dresses
3952	Lead pencils & art goods		Office furniture, except wood	2676	Sanitary paper products	2341	Women's & children's underwear
3100	Leather goods, nec	3533	Oil & gas field machinery		Sausages & other prepared meats		Women's hosiery, except socks
0100	Leather 9 sheep lined elething	2000	Onbthalmic goods			0000	Women's 9 misses' sytemuser nee
	Leather & sheep-lined clothing		Ophthalmic goods		Saw blades & handsaws	2339	Women's & misses' outerwear, nec
	Leather tanning & finishing	3827			Sawmills & planing mills, general	2331	Women's & misses' blouses &
3151	Leather gloves & mittens	3489	Ordnance & accessories, nec	3596	Scales & balances, except		shirts
	Lighting equipment		Organic fibers, noncellulosic		laboratory	3171	Women's handbags and purses
3274		3565	Packaging machinery	2397	Schiffli machine embroideries	3144	Women's footwear, except athletic
		0000	Dainta 9 alliad products	2451	Screw machine products	0404	Wood properting
	Logging	2001	Paints & allied products			2491	Wood preserving
	Lubricating oils & greases	3554	Paper industries machinery	3812	Search & navigation equipment	2499	Wood products, nec
	Luggage		Paper mills		Semiconductors & related devices		Wood kitchen cabinets
2098	Macaroni, spaghetti, & noodles	2671	Paper coated & laminated,	3263	Semivitreous table & kitchenware	2541	Wood partitions & fixtures
	Machine tools, metal cutting types		packaging	3589	Service industry machinery, nec		Wood office furniture
	Machine tool accessories	2672	Paper coated & laminated, nec	2652	Setup paperboard boxes		Wood TV & radio cabinets
				2444	Sheet metal work		
	Machine tools, metal forming type		Paperboard mills				Wood containers, nec
	Magnetic & optical recording media		Partitions & fixtures, except wood	3/31	Ship building & repairing		Wood household furniture
	Malleable iron foundries		Pens & mechanical pencils		Signs & advertising specialties	2448	Wood pallets & skids
2083			Periodicals	3914	Silverware and plate ware	3553	Woodworking machinery
2082	Malt beverages	3172	Personal leather goods, nec	3484	Small arms	3844	X-ray apparatus & tubes
	Manifold business forms		Petroleum refining		Small arms ammunition		Yarn spinning mills
	Manufactured ice		Petroleum & coal products, nec		Soap & other detergents		
	Manufacturing industries, nec		Pharmaceutical preparations		Softwood veneer & plywood		
	Marking devices		Phosphatic fertilizers		Soybean oil mills		
	Mattresses & bedsprings	3861	Photographic equipment &		Space vehicle equipment & parts		
3586	Measuring & dispensing pumps		supplies	3764	Space propulsion units & parts		
	Measuring & controlling devices,	2035	Pickles, sauces, & salad dressing	2429	Special product sawmills, nec		
	nec		Plastic bottles	3544	Special dies, tools, jigs, & fixtures		
2011	Meat packing plants		Plastic foam products	3550	Special industry machinery, nec		
				3009	Chood changers drives of goog-		
	Mechanical rubber goods		Plastic materials & resins		Speed changers, drives, & gears		
	Medicinal & botanicals		Plastic pipe		Sporting & athletic goods, nec		
	Men's & boys' trousers & slacks	3088	Plastic plumbing fixtures		Stationery products		
	Men's footwear, except athletic	3089	Plastic products, nec		Steel springs, except wire		
	Men's & boys' neckwear		Platemaking service		Steel wire & related products		
	Men's & boys' clothing, nec	3471	Plating & polishing		Steel pipe & tubes		
		33UE	Pleating & stitching		Steel foundries, nec		
	Men's & boys' shirts	2400	Dlumbing fixture fittings 0 toler				
2322	Men's & boys' underwear &	3432	Plumbing fixture fittings & trim		Steel investment foundries		
	nightwear		Polishes & sanitation goods		Storage batteries		
2326	Men's & boys' work clothing	3264	Porcelain electrical supplies	3259	Structural clay products, nec		
2311	Men's & boys' suits & coats	2096	Potato chips & similar snacks		Structural wood members, nec		
	Metal household furniture		Pottery products, nec		Surface active agents		
3540	Metalworking machinery, nec	2015	Poultry slaughtering & processing		Surgical & medical instruments		
50 10		_010	. sain sing morning a processing	3071	Ca. ground intollumonto	,	
						(cont	inued on next nage)

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The four-digit industry codes within Division E of the SIC Manual are: (nec means "not elsewhere classified")

4522 4512 4581 4729 4730 4841 4939 4215 4931 4911 4221	Airports, flying fields, & airport terminal services Arrangement of passenger transportation, nec Arrangement of transportation of freight & cargo Cable & other pay television services Combination utilities, nec Communications services, nec Courier services, except by air Electric & other services combined		Gas & other services combined Irrigation systems Local trucking with storage Local trucking without storage Mixed, manufactured, or liquefied petroleum gas production Natural gas distribution Natural gas transmission Natural gas transmission & distribution Packing & crating Radio broadcasting stations Radiotelephone communications Refrigerated warehousing & storage Refuse systems Rental of railroad cars Sanitary services, nec Sewerage systems Special warehousing & storage	4226 4960 4822 4813 4833 4231 4725 4789 4724 4213 4940	nec Steam & air-conditioning supply Telegraph & other message communications Telephone communications, except radiotelephone
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The four-digit industry codes within Division F of the SIC Manual are: (nec means "not elsewhere classified")

5012	Automobiles & other motor vehicles		Footwear Fresh fruits & vegetables	5131	Piece goods, notions, & other dry goods
5181 5192	Beer & ale Books, periodicals, & newspapers		Furniture	5162	Plastics materials & basic forms & shapes
5032	Brick, stone, and related construction materials	5149 5141		5074	Plumbing & heating equipment & supplies (hydronics)
5169	Chemicals & allied products, nec Coal & other minerals & ores	5072		5144 5111	Poultry & poultry products Printing & writing paper
5046	Commercial equipment, nec	5113	Industrial & personal service paper	5049	Professional equipment & supplies,
	Computers & computer peripheral equipment & software	5084 5085	Industrial supplies		nec Refrigeration equipment & supplies
5145 5082		5094	Jewelry, watches, precious stones, & precious metals	5033	Roofing, siding, and insulation materials
	petroleum) machinery & equipment	5154 5031	Livestock Lumber, plywood, millwork, and	5093 5087	Scrap & waste materials Service establishment equipment &
5039 5143	Construction materials, nec Dairy products, except dried or	5147	wood panels Meat & meat products	5091	supplies Sporting & recreational goods &
	canned	5047	Medical, dental, & hospital		supplies
5122	Drugs, drug proprietaries, & druggist' sundries	5136	equipment & supplies Men's & boy's clothing &		Stationery & office supplies Tires & tubes
5099 5063	Durable goods, nec Electrical apparatus & equipment,	5051	furnishings Metals service centers & offices		Tobacco & tobacco products Toys, hobby goods, & supplies
0000	wiring supplies, & construction materials	5015 5013	Motor vehicle parts, used	5088	Transportation equipment & supplies, except motor vehicles
5064	Electrical appliances, television, & radio sets	5199 5044	Nondurable goods, nec Office equipment	5075	Warm air heating, air-conditioning equipment, & supplies
5065 5083	Electronic parts & equipment, nec Farm & garden machinery &	5048 5142	Opthalmic goods Packaged frozen foods	5182	Wine & distilled alcoholic beverages
	equipment Farm supplies	5198	Paints, varnishes, & supplies Petroleum & petroleum products	5137	Women's, children's, & infants' clothing & accessories
5159 5146	Farm-product raw materials, nec Fish & seafoods	5172	wholesalers, except bulk stations Petroleum bulk stations &		Cionning & decessories
5193	Flowers, nursery stock, & florists' supplies	5043	terminals Photographic equipment & sales		

FTB 3809

Codes for Principal Business Activity

This list of principal business activities and their associated codes is designed to classify a business by the type of activity in which it is engaged to facilitate the administration of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, these principal business activity codes are based on the North American Industry Classification System published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, 1997 Edition.

Caution: For purposes of qualifying for the TTA tax incentives, refer to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition and the partial listing on pages 21 through 23 of this booklet.

Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting

Crop Production

111100 Oilseed & Grain Farming 111210 Vegetable & Melon Farming

(including potatoes & yams) 111300 Fruit & Tree Nut Farming

Greenhouse, Nursery, & Floriculture Production 111400

111900 Other Crop Farming (including tobacco, cotton, sugarcane, hay, peanut, sugar beet, & all other crop farming)

Animal Production

Beef Cattle Ranching & 112111 Farming

112112 Cattle Feedlots 112120 Dairy Cattle & Milk Production

112210 Hog & Pig Farming 112300

Poultry & Egg Production Sheep & Goat Farming 112400 Animal Aquaculture (including 112510 shellfish & finfish farms &

hatcheries) 112900 Other Animal Production

Forestry and Logging

Timber Tract Operations 113110

113210 Forest Nurseries & Gathering of Forest Products

113310 Logging

Fishing, Hunting and Trapping

114110 Fishing

114210 Hunting & Trapping

Support Activities for Agriculture and Forestry

115110 Support Activities for Crop Production (including cotton ginning, soil preparation, planting, & cultivating) Support Activities for Animal

115210 Production 115310 Support Activities for Forestry

Mining

Oil & Gas Extraction 211110 212110 Coal Mining

Metal Ore Mining 212200 Stone Mining & Quarrying 212310

Sand, Gravel, Clay, & Ceramic & Refractory

Minerals Mining & Quarrying

212390 Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining & Quarrying 213110 Support Activities for Mining

Utilities

221100 Electric Power Generation, Transmission & Distribution 221210 Natural Gas Distribution 221300 Water, Sewage, & Other Systems

Construction

Construction of Buildings

Residential Building Construction 236200 Nonresidential Building Construction

Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction

237100 **Utility System Construction**

237210 Land Subdivision 237310 Highway, Street, & Bridge Construction

237990 Other Heavy & Civil Engineering Construction

Specialty Trade Contractors

Foundation, Structure, & Building Exterior Contractors (including framing carpentry, masonry, glass, roofing, & siding)

238210 **Electrical Contractors** Plumbing, Heating, & Air-Conditioning Contractors 238220

Other Building Equipment 238290 Contractors

238300 **Building Finishing Contractors** (including drywall, insulation, painting, wallcovering, flooring, tile, & finish carpentry)

Other Specialty Trade Contractors (including site 238900 preparation)

Manufacturing

Food Manufacturing

Animal Food Mfg 311110 Grain & Oilseed Milling 311200 Sugar & Confectionery 311300 Product Mfg

Fruit & Vegetable Preserving & Specialty Food Mfg 311500 Dairy Product Mfg

311610 Animal Slaughtering and Processing Seafood Product Preparation

311710 & Packaging

311800 Bakeries & Tortilla Mfg Other Food Mfg (including coffee, tea, flavorings, & 311900

seasonings) **Beverage and Tobacco Product** Manufacturing

Soft Drink & Ice Mfg 312110

312120 **Breweries** 312130 Wineries

312140 Distilleries

312200 Tobacco Manufacturing

Textile Mills and Textile Product Mills

313000 **Textile Mills** 314000 Textile Product Mills

Apparel Manufacturing

315100 Apparel Knitting Mills

Code

315210 Cut & Sew Apparel Contractors

315220 Men's & Boys' Cut & Sew Apparel Mfg

315230 Women's & Girls' Cut & Sew

Apparel Mfg Other Cut & Sew Apparel Mfg 315290

315990 Apparel Accessories & Other Apparel Mfg

Leather and Allied Product Manufacturing

316110 Leather & Hide Tanning & Finishing

316210 Footwear Mfg (including rubber & plastics)

Other Leather & Allied Product 316990 Mfg

Wood Product Manufacturing

321110 Sawmills & Wood Preservation Veneer, Plywood, & 321210 Engineered Wood Product Mfg 321900 Other Wood Product Mfg

Paper Manufacturing

322100 Pulp, Paper, & Paperboard Mills

322200 Converted Paper Product Mfg

Printing and Related Support Activities

323100 Printing & Related Support Activities

Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing

324110 Petroleum Refineries 324120

(including integrated)
Asphalt Paving, Roofing, &
Saturated Materials Mfg

324190 Other Petroleum & Coal Products Mfg

Chemical Manufacturing

325600

325100 Basic Chemical Mfg 325200 Resin, Synthetic Rubber, & Artificial & Synthetic Fibers & Filaments Mfg

325300 Pesticide, Fertilizer, & Other Agricultural Chemical Mfg

325410 Pharmaceutical & Medicine Paint, Coating, & Adhesive Mfg 325500

Soap, Cleaning Compound, & Toilet Preparation Mfg 325900 Other Chemical Product & Preparation Mfg

Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturing

326100 Plastics Product Mfg 326200 Rubber Product Mfg

Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing

327100 Clay Product & Refractory Mfg 327210 Glass & Glass Product Mfg 327300 Cement & Concrete Product Mfg

327400 Lime & Gypsum Product Mfg 327900 Other Nonmetallic Mineral Product Mfg

Primary Metal Manufacturing

Iron & Steel Mills & Ferroalloy 331110 Steel Product Mfg from Purchased Steel 331200

331310 Alumina & Aluminum Production & Processing Nonferrous Metal (except

Aluminum) Production & Processing 331500 Foundries

Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing

332110 Forging & Stamping Cutlery & Handtool Mfg 332210 332300 Architectural & Structural Metals Mfg

332400 Boiler, Tank, & Shipping Container Mfg

Hardware Mfg 332510

Spring & Wire Product Mfg 332610 Machine Shops, Turned Product, & Screw, Nut, & Bolt 332700

Code

Coating, Engraving, Heat Treating, & Allied Activities 332810 332900 Other Fabricated Metal Product Mfa

Machinery Manufacturing

333100 Agriculture, Construction, & Mining Machinery Mfg 333200 Industrial Machinery Mfg 333310 Commercial & Service Industry Machinery Mfg Ventilation, Heating, Air-Conditioning, & Commercial Refrigeration Equipment Mfg 333410 333510 Metalworking Machinery Mfg 333610 Engine, Turbine, & Power

Transmission Equipment Mfg 333900 Other General Purpose Machinery Mfg

Computer and Electronic Product Manufacturing Computer & Peripheral Equipment Mfg 334110

334200 Communications Equipment

334310 Audio & Video Equipment Mfg 334410 Semiconductor & Other Electronic Component Mfg

334500 Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, & Control Instruments Mfg

Manufacturing & Reproducing Magnetic & Optical Media 334610

Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Manufacturing

335100 Electric Lighting Equipment Mfg 335200 Household Appliance Mfg

335310 Electrical Equipment Mfg 335900 Other Electrical Equipment & Component Mfg

Transportation Equipment Manufacturing

336100 Motor Vehicle Mfg 336210 Motor Vehicle Body & Trailer

336300 Motor Vehicle Parts Mfg 336410 Aerospace Product & Parts

336510 Railroad Rolling Stock Mfg 336610 Ship & Boat Building

Other Transportation Equipment Mfg 336990

Furniture and Related Product Manufacturing

337000 Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing

Miscellaneous Manufacturing

339110 Medical Equipment & Supplies

339900 Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing

Wholesale Trade

Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods

423100 Motor Vehicle & Motor Vehicle Parts & Supplies 423200 Furniture & Home Furnishings

423300 Lumber & Other Construction Materials

423400 Professional & Commercial Equipment & Supplies

423500 Metal & Mineral (except Petroleum) Electrical & Electronic Goods 423600

Hardware, & Plumbing & Heating Equipment & Supplies 423700 423800 Machinery, Equipment, &

Supplies Sporting & Recreational Goods & Supplies 423910

423920 Toy & Hobby Goods & Supplies

423930 Recyclable Materials 423940

Jewelry, Watch, Precious Stone, & Precious Metals 423990 Other Miscellaneous Durable Goods

Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods

424100 Paper & Paper Products Drugs & Druggists' Sundries 424210 424300 Apparel, Piece Goods, & Notions

424400 Grocery & Related Products 424500 Farm Product Raw Materials

424600 Chemical & Allied Products 424700 Petroleum & Petroleum Products

424800 Beer, Wine, & Distilled Alcoholic Beverages 424910 Farm Supplies

424920 Book, Periodical, & Newspapers

Flower, Nursery Stock, & Florists' Supplies 424930 424940 Tobacco & Tobacco Products

424950 Paint, Varnish, & Supplies 424990 Other Miscellaneous Nondurable Goods

Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers

425110 Business to Business Electronic Markets

425120 Wholesale Trade Agents & **Brokers**

Retail Trade

Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers

441110 New Car Dealers 441120 Used Car Dealers

441210 Recreational Vehicle Dealers

441221 Motorcycle Dealers 441222 **Boat Dealers**

All Other Motor Vehicle 441229 Dealers

Automotive Parts, Accesso-441300 ries, & Tire Stores

Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores

442110 **Furniture Stores** 442210 Floor Covering Stores 442291 Window Treatment Stores 442299 All Other Home Furnishings

Electronics and Appliance Stores

443111 Household Appliance Stores 443112 Radio, Television, & Other Electronics Stores 443120 Computer & Software Stores Camera & Photographic Supplies Stores 443130

Building Material and Garden Equipment and Supplies Dealers

444110 Home Centers 444120 Paint & Wallpaper Stores 444130 Hardware Stores 444190 Other Building Material Dealers

444200 Lawn & Garden Equipment & Supplies Stores

Food and Beverage Stores

445110 Supermarkets and Other Grocery (except Convenience) Stores 445120 Convenience Stores

445210 Meat Markets

445220 Fish & Seafood Markets 445230 Fruit & Vegetable Markets

445291 Baked Goods Stores 445292 Confectionery & Nut Stores 445299 All Other Specialty Food

445310 Beer, Wine, & Liquor Stores

Health and Personal Care Stores

446110 Pharmacies & Drug Stores Cosmetics, Beauty Supplies, & Perfume Stores 446120 446130 Optical Goods Stores

Other Health & Personal Care 446190 Stores

Gasoline Stations

447100 Gasoline Stations (including convenience stores with gas)

Code

Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores

Men's Clothing Stores Women's Clothing Stores 448110 448120 448130 Children's & Infants' Clothing Stores 448140 Family Clothing Stores Clothing Accessories Stores Other Clothing Stores 448150 448190 448210 Shoe Stores 448310 Jewelry Stores 448320 Luggage & Leather Goods

Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music Stores

451110 Sporting Goods Stores 451120 Hobby, Toy, & Game Stores Sewing, Needlework, & Piece Goods Stores 451130

451140 Musical Instrument & Supplies Stores

451211 **Book Stores**

Stores

451212 News Dealers & Newsstands 451220

Prerecorded Tape, Compact Disc, & Record Stores General Merchandise Stores

452110 Department stores Other General Merchandise Stores 452900

Miscellaneous Store Retailers

453110 Florists

453210 Office Supplies & Stationery Stores

453220 Gift, Novelty, & Souvenir Stores

453310 **Used Merchandise Stores** Pet & Pet Supplies Stores 453910

453920 Art Dealers 453930 Manufactured (Mobile) Home Dealers

453990 All Other Miscellaneous Store Retailers (including tobacco, candle, & trophy shops)

Nonstore Retailers

Electronic Shopping & Mail-454110 Order Houses 454210 Vending Machine Operators 454311 Heating Oil Dealers 454312 Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Bottled Gas) Dealers 454319 Other Fuel Dealers

454390 Other Direct Selling Establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers)

Transportation and Warehousing

Air, Rail, and Water Transportation

481000 Air Transportation 482110 Rail Transportation 483000 Water Transportation

Truck Transportation

General Freight Trucking, 484110 Local 484120

General Freight Trucking, Long-distance 484200 Specialized Freight Trucking

Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation

485110 Urban Transit Systems 485210 Interurban & Rural Bus Transportation

485310 Taxi Service 485320 Limousine Service

School & Employee Bus Transportation 485510 Charter Bus Industry 485990 Other Transit & Ground Passenger Transportation

Pipeline Transportation

485410

486000 Pipeline Transportation Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation

Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation

Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation

Support Activities for Transportation

488100 Support Activities for Air Transportation

488210 Support Activities for Rail Transportation

488300 Support Activities for Water Transportation

488410 Motor Vehicle Towing

488490 Other Support Activities for Road Transportation

Freight Transportation Arrangement Other Support Activities for 488510

488990 Transportation

Couriers and Messengers

492110 Couriers Local Messengers & Local Delivery 492210

Warehousing and Storage

Warehousing & Storage (except lessors of 493100 miniwarehouses & selfstorage units)

Information

Publishing Industries

511110 Newspaper Publishers 511120 Periodical Publishers

511130 **Book Publishers** Database & Directory 511140 **Publishers** 511190

Other Publishers Software Publishers 511210

Motion Picture and Sound Recording Industries

512100 Motion Picture & Video Industries (except video rental)

512200 Sound Recording Industries

Broadcasting (except Internet)

515100 Radio & Television Broadcasting Cable & Other Subscription Programming 515210

Internet Publishing and Broadcasting 516110 Internet Publishing &

Broadcasting

Telecommunications

517000 Telecommunications (including paging, cellular, satellite, cable & other program distribution, resellers, & other telecommunications)

Internet Service Providers, Web Search Portals, and Data Processing Services

518111 Internet Service Providers 518112 Web Search Portals

Data Processing, Hosting, & Related Services 518210

Other Information Services

519100 Other Information Services (including news syndicates & libraries)

Finance and Insurance

Depository Credit Intermediation

522110 Commercial Banking

522120 Savings Institutions 522130

Credit Unions Other Depository Credit 522190 Intermediation

Nondepository Credit Intermediation 522210 Credit Card Issuing 522220 Sales Financing 522291 Consumer Lending

Real Estate Credit (including mortgage bankers & 522292 originators)

522293 International Trade Financing 522294 Secondary Market Financing 522298 All Other Nondepository Credit

Intermediation Activities Related to Credit Intermediation

Activities Related to Credit Intermediation (including loan brokers)

Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and Related Activities

Investment Banking & 523110 Securities Dealing 523120 Securities Brokerage 523130 Commodity Contracts Dealing 523140 Commodity Contracts Brokerage 523210 Securities & Commodity Exchanges 523900 Other Financial Investment

Activities (including portfolio management & investment advice) Insurance Carriers and Related

Activities 524140 Direct Life, Health, & Medical Insurance & Reinsurance

524150 Direct Insurance & Reinsurance (except Life, Health, & Medical) Carriers

524210 Insurance Agencies & **Brokerages**

524290 Other Insurance Related Activities

Funds, Trusts, and Other Financial Vehicles

525100 Insurance & Employee Benefit

525910 Open-End Investment Funds (Form 1120-RIC)

525920 Trusts, Estates, & Agency Accounts 525930 Real Estate Investment Trusts

(Form 1120-REIT) 525990 Other Financial Vehicles

"Offices of Bank Holding Companies" and "Offices of Other Holding Companies" are located under

Management of Companies (Holding Companies) below.

Real Estate and Rental and Leasing

Real Estate

Lessors of Residential 531110 **Buildings & Dwellings** Lessors of Nonresidential Buildings (except

Miniwarehouses) 531130 Lessors of Miniwarehouses &

Self-Storage Units 531190 Lessors of Other Real Estate

Property 531210 Offices of Real Estate Agents

& Brokers 531310 Real Estate Property

Managers 531320 Offices of Real Estate

Appraisers 531390 Other Activities Related to Real Estate

Rental and Leasing Services 532100 Automotive Equipment Rental & Leasing

532210 Consumer Electronics & Appliances Rental 532220 Formal Wear & Costume

Rental 532230 Video Tape & Disc Rental

Other Consumer Goods 532290 Rental

532310 General Rental Centers 532400 Commercial & Industrial Machinery & Equipment

Rental & Leasing Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible

Assets (except copyrighted works) Lessors of Nonfinancial 533110 Intangible Assets (except copyrighted works)

Professional, Scientific, and **Technical Services**

Legal Services

541110 Offices of Lawyers 541190 Other Legal Services

0000					
Accounting, Tax Preparation, Bookkeeping, and Payroll Services					
541211	Offices of Certified Public Accountants				
541213	Tax Preparation Services				
541214	Payroll Services				
541219	Other Accounting Services				
Architectural, Engineering, and Related Services					
541310	Architectural Services				
541320	Landscape Architecture Services				
541330	Engineering Services				
541340	Drafting Services				
541350	Building Inspection Services				
541360	Geophysical Surveying & Mapping Services				
541370	Surveying & Mapping (except Geophysical) Services				

541380 Testing Laboratories **Specialized Design Services**

541400 Specialized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design)

Computer Systems Design and Related Services 541511 Custom Computer Programmina Services

541512	Computer Systems Design
	Services
541513	Computer Facilities Manage
	ment Services
541519	Other Computer Related
	Services '

Other Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services

vices

541600	Management, Scientific, & Technical Consulting Services
541700	Scientific Research & Development Services
541800	Advertising & Related Services
541910	Marketing Research & Public Opinion Polling
541920	Photographic Services
541930	Translation & Interpretation Services
541940	Veterinary Services
541990	All Other Professional, Scientific, & Technical

Management of Companies (Holding Companies)

551111	Offices of Bank Holding
	Companies
551112	Offices of Other Holding
	Companies

Administrative and Support and Waste Management and **Remediation Services**

Adminis	strative and Support Services
561110	Office Administrative Services
561210	Facilities Support Services
561300	Employment Services
561410	Document Preparation
	Services
561420	Telephone Call Centers
561430	Business Service Centers
	(including private mail centers
	& copy shops)
561440	Collection Agencies
561450	Credit Bureaus
561490	Other Business Support
	Services (including reposses-

sion services, court reporting, & stenotype services)

Code	
561500	Travel Arrangement & Reservation Services
561600	Investigation & Security Services
561710	Exterminating & Pest Control Services
561720	Janitorial Services
561730	Landscaping Services
561740	Carpet & Upholstery Cleaning Services
561790	Other Services to Buildings & Dwellings
561900	Other Support Services (including packaging & labeling services, & convention & trade show organizers)
Waste N Service	lanagement and Remediation

562000 Waste Management & Remediation Services

Educational Services 611000 Educational Services (including schools, colleges, & universities)

Health Care and Social Assistance

Offices	of Physicians and Dentists
621111	Offices of Physicians (except mental health specialists)
	Offices of Physicians, Mental Health Specialists
621210	Offices of Dentists

Offices of Other Health Practitioners

0111000	or other meaning racinioners				
621310	Offices of Chiropractors				
621320	Offices of Optometrists				
621330	Offices of Mental Health				
	Practitioners (except				
	Physicians)				
621340					
	tional & Speech Therapists, & Audiologists				
621391	Offices of Podiatrists				
621399	Offices of All Other Miscella-				
	neous Health Practitioners				
Outnatient Care Centers					

Outpatient Care Centers

621410	Family Planning Centers
621420	Outpatient Mental Health &
	Substance Abuse Centers
621491	HMO Medical Centers
621492	Kidney Dialysis Centers
621493	Freestanding Ambulatory
	Surgical & Emergency

621498 All Other Outpatient Care Centers

Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories Medical & Diagnostic 621510

Laboratories **Home Health Care Services**

621610 Home Health Care Services

Other Ambulatory Health Care Services

621900 Other Ambulatory Health Care Services (including ambulance services & blood & organ banks)

Hospitals

622000 Hospitals

Nursing and Residential Care Facilities

623000 Nursing & Residential Care Facilities

Social Assistance

624100 Individual & Family Services 624200 Community Food & Housing, & Emergency & Other Relief Services

Vocational Rehabilitation 624310 Services 624410 Child Day Care Services

Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation

Performing Arts, Spectator Sports,

and Rela	ated Industries
711100	Performing Arts Companies
711210	Spectator Sports (including sports clubs & racetracks)
711300	Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports, & Similar Events
711410	Agents & Managers for Artists, Athletes, Entertainers, & Other Public Figures
711510	Independent Artists, Writers, & Performers

Museums, Historical Sites, and

Similar Institutions 712100 Museums, Historical Sites, & Similar Institutions

Amusement, Gambling, and Recreation Industries

713100 Amusement Parks & Arcades Gambling Industries 713200 713900 Other Amusement & Recreation Industries (including golf courses, skiing facilities, marinas, fitness centers, & bowling centers)

Accommodation and Food Services

Accommodation

721110 Hotels (except casino hotels) & Motels Casino Hotels 721191 Bed & Breakfast Inns 721199 All Other Traveler Accommodation

721210 RV (Recreational Vehicle) Parks & Recreational Camps

721310 Rooming & Boarding Houses

Food Services and Drinking Places

722110 Full-Service Restaurants 722210 Limited-Service Eating Places 722300 Special Food Services (including food service contractors & caterers)

Drinking Places (Alcoholic 722410 Beverages)

Other Services

Repair and Maintenance

Electrical Repair & Maintenance Automotive Body, Paint, Interior, & Glass Repair Other Automotive Repair & 811120

811110 Automotive Mechanical &

811190 Maintenance (including oil change & lubrication shops & car washes)

811210 Electronic & Precision Equipment Repair & Maintenance

811310 Commercial & Industrial Machinery & Equipment (except Automotive & Electronic) Repair & Maintenance

Home & Garden Equipment & 811410 Appliance Repair & Maintenance

811420 Reupholstery & Furniture Repair 811430

Footwear & Leather Goods Repair 811490 Other Personal & Household Goods Repair & Maintenance

Personal and Laundry Services

812111 Barber Shops 812112 Beauty Salons 812113 Nail Salons Other Personal Care Services 812190 (including diet & weight reducing centers)

Funeral Homes & Funeral 812210 Services

812220 Cemeteries & Crematories 812310 Coin-Operated Laundries &

Drycleaners 812320 Drycleaning & Laundry Services (except Coin-Operated)

812330 Linen & Uniform Supply 812910 Pet Care (except Veterinary)

Services Photofinishing Parking Lots & Garages 812920

812930 812990 All Other Personal Services

Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, and Similar

Organizations 813000 Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, & Similiar

YEAR

2002

Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

CALIFORNIA FORM

3809

Attach to your California tax return.	Social security or California corporation number							
Name(s) as shown on return	FEIN							
	+							
Secretary of State	file number							
Qualified Taxpayer's SIC Code Activity. Caution: See instructions.								
A. Check the appropriate box for your entity type: ☐ Individual ☐ Estate ☐ Trust ☐ C corporation ☐ S corporation ☐ Partn ☐ Exempt organization ☐ Limited liability company ☐ Limited liability partne B. Enter the name of the targeted tax area (TTA) business: ☐ C. Enter the address (actual location) where the TTA business is conducted:								
D. Enter the name of the specific area of the TTA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the specific area of the TTA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the specific area of the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the specific area of the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in the STA	ed.							
Enter the six-digit Principal Business Activity Code from the chart. F. Total number of employees in the TTA G. Number of employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed H. Number of new employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed I. Gross annual receipts of the business J. Total asset value of the business	Principal Business Activity Code number of the TTA business							
Part I Credits Used								
 1 Hiring and sales or use tax credits claimed on the current year return: a Hiring credit from Schedule Z, line 8A, column (f) or line 10, column (f) b Sales or use tax credit from Schedule Z, line 9A, column (f) or line 11, column (f) Add line 1a and line 1b Note: To compute the amount of credits to carry over, complete Schedule Z on Side 2. Part II Business Expense Deduction for Equipment Purchases 2 Enter the cost of qualified property purchased for the TTA that is being deducted as a current year business expense from Worksheet III, Section A, line 5, column (b) ELECTION: The act of deducting a portion of the cost of any property as a current year expense rather capital account constitutes an election to treat that property in accordance with R&TC Sections 17267 	1 1 2 than adding it to the							
election may not be revoked except with the written consent of the Franchise Tax Board (FTB).								
Part III Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover and Deduction								
 a Enter the total NOL carryover from the prior year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (b) b Enter the total NOL deduction used in the current year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column amount on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 21e, column B; Form 100, line 21; Form 100W, line 2 Form 100S, line 19; or Form 109, line 3 or line 11 c Enter the TTA NOL carryover to future years from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (e) ELECTION: For those taxpayers eligible for an NOL carryover under R&TC Sections 17276.2, 17276 24416.4, 24416.5, or 24416.6, the act of claiming an NOL carryover on this form constitutes the ir loss under R&TC Sections 17276.6 or 24416.6, for taxpayers operating a trade or business within over an NOL under the TTA provisions, you cannot carry over any other type and amount of NOL fr 	n (c). Enter this 11;							
Part IV Portion of Business Attributable to the Targeted Tax Area								
4 Enter the average apportionment percentage of your business that is in the TTA from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4. If your operation is wholly within the TTA, the average apportionment percentage is 1	100% (1.00) 4							
Part V Recapture of Deduction and Credits								
 5 TTA recapture of hiring credit from Worksheet I, Section B, line 2, column (b) 6 Recapture of business expense deduction from Worksheet III, Section B, line 2, column (b) 								

S				edit Limitations —	Targeted Tax Area						
			ion of Credit Limitation								
1	on this line	e and	l on line 3 (skip line 2)	Is: Enter the amount for the control of the contr	te: Corporations which	h file	a co	mbined rep	ort,		
2		enter the taxpayer's business income apportioned to California (see instructions Part IV)									
3	-								3		
4	Enter the 1	ΓΤΑ Ν	IOL deduction from W	orksheet V, Section C	, line 12, column (c)					4	SUSPENDED
TTA taxable income. For 2002 tax year, enter amount from line 3										,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
			tions		orm 540ND line 27:	• • •	6a				
				orm 100W, line 24; Fo							
				orations and S corpora		s .	6b				
7	Enter the s	small	er of line 6a or line 6b	. This is the limitation	based on the TTA inc	ome.	Go to	Part II, Pa	ırt III,		
	or Part IV.	See	instructions							7	
Da	rt II Lim	itatio	on of Cradite for Corne	orations, Individuals,	Ectator and Tructe	Soo ir	netru	etione			
Га		itatit				occ II			(5)		(~)
	(a) Credit		(b) Credit	(c) Total	(d) Total credit			e) tation	Used on So) chedule P	(g) Carryover
	name		amount	prior year	add col. (b) plus col. (c)	ТΤΛ		ed on ess income	can never t than col. (d)		col. (d) minus col. (e)
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	carryover	pius coi. (c)	IIA	Dusiii		tilali coi. (u)	01 (6)	coi. (e)
8	Liring	Α									
	Hiring credit		<u> </u>	(//////////////////////////////////////	<u> </u>				////////	///////	
	oroun	В									
9	Sales or	Α							,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,	
9	use tax								///////////////////////////////////////	,,,,,,,,	
	credit	В									
									<i>(/////////</i>	<u> </u>	
Pa	rt III Lin	nitati	on of Credits for S Co	rporations Only. See	instructions.						
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		1	e)	(f)	1	(g)
	Credit		Credit	S corporation	Total		Total	credit	Credit	used	Carryover
	name		amount	credit col. (b) multiplied by 1/3	prior year carryover			col. (c) col. (d)	this ye S corpo		col. (e) minus col. (f)
10	Hiring			. ,			•		·		.,
10	credit										
11	Sales or u	se									
	tax credit										
Pa	rt IV Lin	nitati	on of Credits for Corp	oorations and S Corpo	rations Subject to Pa	ying	Only	the Minim	um Franchis	e Tax. See	instructions.
	(a) Credit		(b) Credit	(c)	(d) Total credit						
	name		amount	Total prior year	carryover.						
				carryover	col. (b) plus col. (c)						
12											
	credit										
13	Sales or u	se									
	tax credit										

YEAR

2002

Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

CALIFORNIA FORM

3809

Attach to your California tax return.	Social security or California corporation number							
Name(s) as shown on return	FEIN							
	+							
Secretary of State	file number							
Qualified Taxpayer's SIC Code Activity. Caution: See instructions.								
A. Check the appropriate box for your entity type: ☐ Individual ☐ Estate ☐ Trust ☐ C corporation ☐ S corporation ☐ Partn ☐ Exempt organization ☐ Limited liability company ☐ Limited liability partne B. Enter the name of the targeted tax area (TTA) business: ☐ C. Enter the address (actual location) where the TTA business is conducted:								
D. Enter the name of the specific area of the TTA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the specific area of the TTA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the specific area of the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the specific area of the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in which the business and/or investment activity is located to the STA in the STA	ed.							
Enter the six-digit Principal Business Activity Code from the chart. F. Total number of employees in the TTA G. Number of employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed H. Number of new employees included in the computation of the hiring credit, if claimed I. Gross annual receipts of the business J. Total asset value of the business	Principal Business Activity Code number of the TTA business							
Part I Credits Used								
 1 Hiring and sales or use tax credits claimed on the current year return: a Hiring credit from Schedule Z, line 8A, column (f) or line 10, column (f) b Sales or use tax credit from Schedule Z, line 9A, column (f) or line 11, column (f) Add line 1a and line 1b Note: To compute the amount of credits to carry over, complete Schedule Z on Side 2. Part II Business Expense Deduction for Equipment Purchases 2 Enter the cost of qualified property purchased for the TTA that is being deducted as a current year business expense from Worksheet III, Section A, line 5, column (b) ELECTION: The act of deducting a portion of the cost of any property as a current year expense rather capital account constitutes an election to treat that property in accordance with R&TC Sections 17267 	1 1 2 than adding it to the							
election may not be revoked except with the written consent of the Franchise Tax Board (FTB).								
Part III Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover and Deduction								
 a Enter the total NOL carryover from the prior year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (b) b Enter the total NOL deduction used in the current year from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column amount on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 21e, column B; Form 100, line 21; Form 100W, line 2 Form 100S, line 19; or Form 109, line 3 or line 11 c Enter the TTA NOL carryover to future years from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (e) ELECTION: For those taxpayers eligible for an NOL carryover under R&TC Sections 17276.2, 17276 24416.4, 24416.5, or 24416.6, the act of claiming an NOL carryover on this form constitutes the ir loss under R&TC Sections 17276.6 or 24416.6, for taxpayers operating a trade or business within over an NOL under the TTA provisions, you cannot carry over any other type and amount of NOL fr 	n (c). Enter this 11;							
Part IV Portion of Business Attributable to the Targeted Tax Area								
4 Enter the average apportionment percentage of your business that is in the TTA from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4. If your operation is wholly within the TTA, the average apportionment percentage is 1	100% (1.00) 4							
Part V Recapture of Deduction and Credits								
 5 TTA recapture of hiring credit from Worksheet I, Section B, line 2, column (b) 6 Recapture of business expense deduction from Worksheet III, Section B, line 2, column (b) 								

S	chedule	Z	Computation of Cr	edit Limitations —	Targeted Tax Area						
			ion of Credit Limitation								
1	Trade or b	usine	ess income. Individua	ls: Enter the amount f	rom Worksheet IV, Se	ction C, line 14, colu	mn (c)				
	on this lin	e and	l on line 3 (skip line 2)). See instructions. No	te: Corporations which	ch file a combined rep	oort,				
	enter the t	ахра	yer's business income	apportioned to Califo	rnia (see instructions	Part IV)					
2 Corporations: Enter the average apportionment percentage from Worksheet IV, Section A, line 4. See instructions 2											
3	4 Enter the TTA NOL deduction from Worksheet V, Section C, line 12, column (c)										
4											
5											
6											
			tions			6a					
			nount of tax from Forr		form 540NR. line 27:						
			ine 21; Form 100, or F								
			ine 7 or line 15. Corpo			s . 6b					
7			er of line 6a or line 6b	· ·			art III.				
-			instructions				7				
	0										
Pa	rt II lim	itatio	on of Credits for Corpo	rations Individuals	Estates and Trusts	See instructions					
							(4)	(=)			
	(a) Credit		(b) Credit	(c) Total	(d) Total credit	(e) Limitation	(f) Used on Schedule P	(g) Carryover			
	name		amount	prior year	add col. (b)	based on	can never be greater	col. (d) minus			
				carryover	plus col. (c)	TTA business income	than col. (d) or col. (e)	col. (e)			
								111111111111111111111111111111111111111			
8	Hiring	Α									
	credit		///////////////////////////////////////	(//////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////		///////////////////////////////////////	<i>/////////////////////////////////////</i>			
	CIGUIL	В						1			
							<u> </u>	\			
9	Sales or	Α									
	use tax		///////////////////////////////////////	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		V/////////////////////////////////////	<i>\[\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>			
	credit	В					<i>\////////////////////////////////////</i>	1			
							<u> </u>	2			
_											
Pa	rt III Lin	nıtatı	on of Credits for S Co	rporations Unly. See	instructions.						
	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)			
	Credit		Credit	S corporation	Total	Total credit	Credit used	Carryover			
	name		amount	credit col. (b) multiplied by 1/3	prior year carryover	add col. (c) plus col. (d)	this year by S corporation	col. (e) minus col. (f)			
				ooi. (b) multiplied by 1/o	ourry over	pido coi. (u)	O corporation	001. (1)			
10	Hiring										
	credit										
11	Sales or u	se									
	tax credit										
Pa	rt IV Lin	nitati	ion of Credits for Corr	orations and S Corpo	orations Subject to Pa	aying Only the Minin	num Franchise Tax. Se	e instructions.			
						, , , , ,					
	(a) Credit		(b) Credit	(c) Total	(d) Total credit						
	name		amount	prior year	carryover.						
				carryover	col. (b) plus col. (c)						
12	Uiring										
12	Hiring credit										
13	Sales or u	<u>.</u>									
ıJ	tax credit	3 U									
	tax ortuit										

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Go to our Website:

www.ftb.ca.gov

How to Get California Tax Information

Your Rights as a Taxpayer

Our goal at the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) is to make certain that your rights are protected so that you will have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our state tax system. FTB Pub. 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights, includes information on your rights as a California taxpayer, the Taxpayers' Rights Advocate Program, and how you can request written advice from the FTB on whether a particular transaction is taxable. See "Where to Get Tax Forms and Publications" below.

Where to Get Tax Forms and Publications

By Internet – You can download, view, and print California tax forms and publications from our Website at: www.ftb.ca.gov

Information about other state agencies can be accessed through the State Agency Index located on the California State Website at:

www.ca.gov

By phone – To order current year California tax forms, publications, and the current year federal booklets, call our automated phone service. To order a form:

- Refer to the list in your tax booklet and find the code number for the form you want to order.
- Call (800) 338-0505 and follow the instructions.

Please allow two weeks to receive your order. If you live outside California, please allow three weeks to receive your order.

In person – Many libraries, post offices, and banks provide free California personal income tax booklets during the filing season. Most libraries and some quick print businesses have forms and schedules for you to photocopy (a nominal fee may apply).

Note: Employees at libraries, post offices, banks, and quick print businesses cannot provide tax information or assistance.

By mail - Write to:

TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 307 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307

Letters

If you write to us, be sure your letter includes your FEIN, Secretary of State file number, California corporation number, or social security number, your daytime and evening telephone numbers, and a copy of the notice (if applicable). Send your letter to:

PROFESSIONAL RESOURCES AND EDUCATION SECTION MS F-228 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1468 SACRAMENTO CA 95812-1468

We will respond to your letter within six weeks. In some cases, we may need to call you for additional information. **Note:** Do not attach correspondence to your tax return unless the correspondence relates to an item on your return.

General Toll-Free Phone Service

Our general toll-free phone service is available:

- Monday Friday, 7 a.m. until 8 p.m.; and
- Saturdays, 8 a.m. until 5 p.m. (January through June only)

Note: We may modify these hours without notice to meet operational needs.

From within the
United States (800) 852-5711
From outside the
United States (916) 845-6500
(not toll-free)

Assistance for persons with disabilities:

The FTB complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Persons with a hearing or speech impairments, call:

From TTY/TDD (800) 822-6268 (Direct line to FTB customer service)

Asistencia bilingüe en español:

Nuestro servicio telefónico gratuito está disponible:

- Lunes-viernes de 7 a.m. a 8 p.m.
- Sábados de 8 a.m. a 5 p.m. (de enero a junio)

(Keep This Page For Future Use)

Aviso: Nosotros podemos modificar este horario sin aviso previo de acuerdo a la demanda operativa.

Página Electrónica: www.ftb.ca.gov

Asistencia para personas discapacitadas:

El FTB está en conformidad con el Acta de Americanos Discapacitados. Personas con problemas auditivos o de habla pueden llamar:

De TTY/TTD – Línea directa al servicio de clientes del FTB (800) 822-6268

Geographic Boundaries

To find a street address within the TTA geographic boundaries, go to the California Technology, Trade and Commerce Agency's Website at: www.commerce.ca.gov

If you need additional information about the TTA, you may contact the California Technology, Trade and Commerce Agency at:

ENTERPRISE ZONE PROGRAMS CALIFORNIA TECHNOLOGY, TRADE AND COMMERCE AGENCY 1102 Q STREET, SUITE 6000 SACRAMENTO CA 95814

Tel: (916) 324-8211 Fax: (916) 322-3524

Economic Development Area Information

Further information about the TTA is available from:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD Telephone: (916) 845-3464 FAX: (916) 845-6791 Website: www.ftb.ca.gov